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JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1908.

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Valuable Papers

Recovered.

Over two months ago, while Mrs James Harris was attending the entertainment given in Love's hall by amateur talent, when the drama of The Military Girl was presented, and while Mr Harris was at his work at the Zella, the residence on Broadway was burglarized, and a box in which some valuable papers were kept, was taken away. No clue was ever discovered to the perpetrators of the crime, and nothing was heard or seen of the missing property until last Monday. No money was obtained by the thief, but a watch of very little value was taken with the papers. The documents were insurance policies, certificates of stock in a mine, the replacing of which would necessitate a suit in court and some expense. But of course the papers were of no value whatever to anyone but the owner.

Last Monday morning, when one of the Marcucci boys went to the barn on the Shober ranch, which they had recently leased, he found some papers under one of the feed stalls. Evidently they had been placed there to be seen. There was no attempt at concealment. He was not aware of their character, but noticing the name of Harris on a receipt from one of the fraternal lodges here, he took these home, and Mrs Harris was duly notified, with the information that there were a lot of other papers still in the barn. She at once proceeded to the barn in company with Mrs Josephine Harvey, and there recovered all the stolen papers. Neither the watch nor the box was returned. They were in about the same condition as when they were taken from the house. They evidently had not been placed in the barn long. Mrs Harvey had searched all over the barn only a few days before for eggs, and would certainly have noticed them had they been there at that time. The only difference noticed was a stain or two apparently of blood.

It is evident that the perpetrator of the crime is not a stranger, and has been hereabout since the capture of this booty, and upon discovering that it was worthless to him, he concluded to get rid of it by secretly placing the property in the barn, where it would soon be discovered.

We are informed that a couple of certificates in the old Gover mine, which were without any value whatever, were not recovered. Mr Harris intended in a few days to commence suit to have new certificates issued in place of those of value stolen. This would have cost in the neighborhood of \$100. He has been saved this expense. The Marcucci boy who discovered the papers, would accept no reward.

What Ails You?

Do you feel weak, tired, despondent, have frequent headaches, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in morning, "heartburn," belching of gas, acid risings in throat after eating, stomach gnaw or burn, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or variable appetite, nausea at times and kindred symptoms?

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from biliousness, torpid liver with indigestion, and dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic, bowel regulator and nerve strengthener. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum, a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at its formula will show that it contains no alcohol, or harmful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of the following native American forest plants, viz., Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root, Bloodroot, and Mandrake root.

The following leading medical authorities, among a host of others, extol the foregoing roots for the cure of just such ailments as the above symptoms indicate: Prof. R. Bartholow, M. D., of Jackson Med. College, Phila.; Prof. H. C. Wood, M. D., of Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., Author of American Dispensatory; Prof. J. M. Scudder, M. D., Author of Specific Medicines; Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., Med. Dept. Univ. of N. Y.; Prof. Bailey Ellingwood, M. D., Author of Materia Medica and Prof. in Bennett Medical College, Chicago. Send name and address on Post Card to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., a d receive free booklet giving extracts from writings of all the above medical authorities and many others endorsing in the strongest possible terms, each and every ingredient of which "Golden Medical Discovery" is composed.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. They may be used in conjunction with "Golden Medical Discovery" if bowels are much constipated. They're tiny and sugar-coated.

Impure blood runs you down—makes you an easy victim for organic diseases. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood—cures the cause—builds you up.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$2.50.

City Election.

According to street talk, there will be no dearth of candidates for city marshal at the forthcoming municipal election in April. Four or five names are already mentioned, and it is not unlikely that more will be trotted out before nominations close. For clerk we have heard of no one as yet to contest with the present incumbent; but no doubt there will be one or two others in the field for that berth. The marshalship, under present circumstances yields over \$80 per month; while the clerkship is worth only half that sum. For trustees we have heard no names mentioned. The four trustees retiring are V. S. Garbarini, H. Leam, W. M. Penry and Geo. Kirkwood. The latter holds by appointment to fill the vacancy caused by W. E. Kent's removal from this city. It is rumored that trustee Garbarini is not unwilling to accept another term. The others, however, have had enough of serving the dear people for the glory of pleasing the few and displeasing the many.

Sierra Sanitarium Closed.

The Sierra Sanitarium near Martell's station was closed early this week. The expiration of the lease, and the removal of Dr. Phillips rendered it inadvisable to keep it running. The closing of this institution is to be regretted. Under the management of Drs. Goodman and Phillips it has in the short space of one year gained a wide reputation, and has attracted patients from outside counties. Its capacity was about seven patients, and it has been kept full nearly all the time. Miss Read, the nurse, expects soon to depart to accept a position in San Francisco or vicinity.

Dr. Phillips Will Leave.

Dr. L. K. Phillips, who has been a medical practitioner in this city for the past seven years, has accepted a position as head physician and surgeon of the Southern Pacific Sanitarium at Pas Robles, in San Luis Obispo county, and left this morning. Friday, with his family to assume charge of this responsible position. The Pas Robles springs have a world-wide celebrity as a health resort. It is the intention of the railroad authorities to advertise its advantages to a greater extent than ever, with a view of increasing its popularity. The waters of the springs from a medicinal standpoint, are unsurpassed in the world. For rheumatism and many other complaints, they cannot be equalled. Dr. Phillips has built up a lucrative practice during his residence here, and both he and Mrs Phillips have made many warm friends in Amador county, with whom they regret to part. But the position now offered him is more desirable in every way, having a fat salary, and not so much arduous traveling. He felt it his duty to himself and family to accept.

Cemetery Report.

E. S. Pitois, who has collected money for the improvements of the public cemetery of this city, reports the receipts and disbursements as follows:

Received.		
A. O. F. lodge	- - -	\$ 2.50
N. D. G. W.	- - -	2.50
N. S. G. W.	- - -	2.50
O. E. S.	- - -	2.50
I. O. Rebekahs	- - -	2.50
From individual donation	-	55.50
Total		\$68.00
Uncollected.		
From individuals	- -	\$5.50
From K. of P. lodge	- -	2.50
Total		\$8.00
Expenditures.		
Mrs C. Richtmyer, water rates		\$10.00
J. Foshey, pipe fitting	-	1.75
G. W. Weller, pipes and fittings		9.10
J. Garbarini, "	-	25.25
Lumber for stakes	-	1.15
Julius Pitois, labor	-	18.00
E. S. Pitois, "	-	3.00
Total		\$71.25

"Doan's Ointment cured me of eczema that had annoyed me a long time. The cure was permanent."—Hon. S. W. Matthews, commissioner labor statistics, Augusta, Ma.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the county clerk: Lazra Skulich, aged 28, a native of Austria and Stant Dragolovich, aged 18, a native of Austria, both of Jackson.

Luca Pulich a native of Austria, aged 42, now of Watsonville, and Annie Guljenovich, aged 25, a native of Austria, now of Jackson.

Liens Will Be Foreclosed.

J. H. Kerfoot vs. Lincoln Gold Mining Co., Wildman Consolidated Mines, et al., and John Higgins vs. John H. Spring, Lincoln Gold Mining Co., Wildman Cons. Mines et al., are for the foreclosure of liens on the properties of the mines named, being for services rendered. The first action prays for judgment in the sum of \$5514.44, besides the costs and counsel fees, while the second prays for \$14,335.31, costs and counsel fees. John Hall, David Finn, T. L. Canvin, and Domenico Sargentini turned over their claims to Kerfoot, while Thomas Simmons, A. Litson, Thomas Trudgeon, A. N. Peterson, Henry Parrow, Maurice Finn, D. Coppi, Charles Kempthorn, Major Lathlean, Daniel Odgers, Jacob Indlekofer, Wm. Mugford, John L. Redpath, A. Menchini and Elias James turned over their claims to John Higgins, all of them having worked at the Lincoln at different times between June 1903 and May 1906. Wm. J. McGee was attorney for the plaintiffs in the first named action while C. P. Vierni was attorney for plaintiff in the second.

The decision of the court says: The case of Kerfoot et al is for the foreclosure of liens on the Lincoln Mining Co., while that of Higgins et al is for the foreclosure of liens on the Wildman Cons. Mines, and claiming liens on the Lincoln, claiming that they were consolidated and worked under one management. The evidence does not show consolidation. The Wildman Cons. Mines have been operated for a number of years by the Wildman Gold Mining Co. and consist of several claims adjoining each other. The Lincoln, which adjoins these was leased by the Wildman Cons. Mines and John Ross, who was superintendent of the latter, and was never intended to be operated as a part of that system and for that reason the liens in Higgins' action cannot be foreclosed in any event against that property.


The liens of Kerfoot et al are for work done entirely upon the property of the Lincoln mine and for that reason the liens are entitled to be foreclosed against the property excepting the Lincoln Mill site, which has never been taken possession of by either Voorheis or under his bond, or by Ross for the Wildman. Besides which E. C. Voorheis has a lot of chlorination tailings and some tanks on the property of the Lincoln, which are exempt from sale. The decree in this case is for judgment in favor of the plaintiffs as prayed for, and for a sale of the property described in the complaint, excepting counsel fees, and also excepting the mill site, and for a deficiency judgment against the Wildman.

In the case of Higgins, the evidence shows that in Sept. 1900, the Wildman Gold Mining Company, which operated the property up to Dec. 1905, executed to Charles R. Bishop its promissory note for \$85,000, secured by a deed of trust; that the property which it covered had been sold in Dec. 1905, to John H. Spring. The Lincoln company and John H. Spring contended that this deed of trust was prior in time to the liens, hence, the judgment in this case is that the claimants have no liens against the property prior to Dec. 23, 1905, that each has a lien for the amounts given below for services performed since that time, and have nothing against the Lincoln, and receive nothing for counsel fees, but for costs of suit. Also a deficiency judgment against the Wildman should the proceeds of the foreclosure be sufficient to satisfy the claims.

The sheriff is directed to sell the property of the Lincoln Gold Mining Company, satisfy the liens, and pay the balance to the Lincoln Co., and have a deficiency judgment against the Wildman Cons. Mines, and to sell the property known as the Wildman and Mahoney mines and satisfy the liens.

The amounts given in the judgment are John Higgins \$174.15, Thomas Simmons \$333.66, A. Litson \$302.50, Thomas Trudgeon \$23.83, A. N. Peterson \$286, Henry Parrow \$391.50, Maurice Finn \$605.50, D. Coppi \$406.57, Charles Kempthorn \$277.50, Major Lathlean \$407.75, Daniel Odgers \$52, Jacob Indlekofer \$214.50, William Mugford \$429, M. Provis \$355.65, John L. Redpath \$177, A. Menchini \$171.18, Elias James \$29, aggregating over \$5,000 as against over \$14,000 prayed for.

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Safeguards your food against alum and phosphate of lime

MINING NOTES.

Plymouth Consolidated.—It is reported that efforts are being made to start up this mine. A company has been formed to take hold of it, and stock is being placed around Plymouth and elsewhere with the view of raising money to reopen the property. It is the general opinion that good values still remain in this property. It paid dividends right up to the time of the fire. True, it was reopened and considerable prospecting was done after the fire, before it was finally shut down. It was considered a deep mine when it was closed, but in the light of subsequent mining in this county, it is viewed as anything but a deep mine, and there is ample room for a resumption of bonanza days if the experience of the Kennedy, Argonaut, and other mines is any criterion to go by.

Bunker Hill.—This mine continues to prosper under the able management of superintendent E. H. Harrington. During the past four months the ore crushed yielded an average of nearly \$5 per ton, which leaves a substantial margin of profit, enabling the company to pay dividends of 3 cents per share per month, or \$6000 monthly on the 200,000 shares in the company. The electric hoist gives the utmost satisfaction. This is the first hoist operated by electricity in the county, and it is probable that hoists hereafter erected will be built on the basis of the same power, as it has the advantage both in economy and convenience.

Hungarian Partridges For Amador County.

The Sutter Creek Record says that arrangements have been made by the state game and fish commissioners for the distribution of a number of Hungarian partridges in different parts of Amador county, for the purpose of stocking our foothills with this new and desirable game bird. The distribution will be made through ex-senator E. C. Voorheis, than whom no better man could have been selected for this purpose. The birds are expected to arrive here shortly. They will be protected by stringent laws for some time, a heavy penalty being affixed to their killing by thoughtless hunters until they have populated our county sufficiently for hunting purposes.

The government is gathering data and otherwise preparing to divide the Stanislaus forest reserve, the large area of rough mountain territory covered by this reserve making it far from practical to continue the business under one management. Under the contemplated change the summit of the Sierra Nevada mountains will be the dividing line, and it is possible that those who will have charge of the reserve will be stationed in the state of Nevada.

Don't fail to see that thrilling war drama, "Enlisted for the War," on February 25th at Love's hall.

Hotel Arrivals

Globe.—Thursday. Al Davis, San Francisco; Mr and Mrs J E Harker, Defender; J L Horton, Oakland; F A Horton, Ione; Samuel E Randall, Elk Grove; William Carlyle, Roseville.

Friday.—James A Thornton, H E Polebard, A M Getz, T M Pashkosky, San Francisco.

Saturday.—Mr and Mrs G W Smith, Oleta; L C Berry, Glencoe.

Sunday.—Geo Green, Harry Davis, Merced.

Monday.—Geo Christholm, Miss L Keast, Mrs G Hawkins, Mrs J Keast, Sutter Creek.

Tuesday.—W Joost, H Fleisig, C H Bennett, James Hartman, San Francisco; C B Devore, Plymouth; Fred McNeal, Red Bluff.

Wednesday.—Geo Cresse, J P Fuller, San Francisco; Mr and Mrs Sam Reed, New Hope; J J Carlyon, Sacramento.

National.—Thursday. J F Huffman, Stockton; H K Mansfield, E R Ridell, San Francisco; Max Kruggell, Fruitvale; M Heffren, Ione.

Friday.—W J Shirley, G W Nachaber, H A Prome, Stockton; F W Lewis, L A Gramboni, E L McLeod, Harrison Houseworth, San Francisco; Mr and Mrs J. W. Morrow, Gwin Mine; F Grossi, Sacramento.

Saturday.—E B Winchell, Louis Kirk, D J McFall, Victor Lavo, Domenico Conte, Jim Bionda, San Francisco; E McShea, James Burns, Stockton; W H Weaver, Alameda; Henry Morris, Fresno; Alfred H Cohen, Oakland; Fred F Spragne, Sonora.

Sunday.—C D McNeil, Sacramento; Wm J Dawson, San Francisco; D B McCarty, Mokelumne Hill.

Monday.—E M Fisher, San Francisco; H M Strachan, Sacramento.

Tuesday.—Ed Miner, T F Ogg, A L Trowbridge, Albert Grudem, C Adams, San Francisco; A R Johnston, H M Williamson, Sacramento; John Robertson, Campo Seco.

Wednesday.—J R Edwards, Sacramento; Barney Levy, P M Downey, H Cramer and wife, San Francisco; I Ingram, San Luis Obispo.

Church Notes.

On Sunday Feb. 23, services will be conducted at the Methodist Episcopal church as follows: The pastor will preach in the morning at 11 o'clock on "The golden rule," and in the evening at 7:30 on "Active religious principles." Sunday school at 2 p. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Official board meeting on Tuesday evening, Feb. 25. All the officials of the church expected to be present.

Episcopal.—Jackson—Every 1st and 3rd Sunday at 10:30 a. m., and every 2d and 4th Sunday at 7:30.

Sutter Creek—Every 2d and 4th Sunday at 11 a. m., and every 1st and 3d Sunday at p. m.

Do not forget, that the regular time for services is 7:30 p. m. next Sunday evening.

AMADOR LEDGER

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RICHARD WEBB Editor
M. F. CALKINS Business Manager

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 San Francisco, California, where contracts for advertising can be made
 for it

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

FRIDAY.....FEBRUAR (8

AN UNTIMELY WHINE.

The Dispatch of last week comes out with an article, evidently written by some one outside of its own sanctum, calling upon the citizens to calmly compare the conditions in Jackson before and since incorporation, and claiming that an important step in advance has been made under the brief experience of municipal government. It is intimated that sanitary and other conditions have been improved, and the foundation laid for more substantial improvements in the future. The purport of the article is to drop bickering and fault-finding, which tend to create a bad impression on the outside, and to work together for the common good. Let us have peace, is the burden of the song. It is a pity that the conduct of the Dispatch and its managers and owners in connection with city affairs has not been in accordance with its present expressed wish for peace and goodwill. It is unfortunate that the article was published only a few hours subsequent to one of the most disgraceful exhibitions of arbitrary power ever exercised by a representative body, supposed to be governed by the wishes of a majority of their constituents. The thrusting aside of a petition signed by a majority of the electors, without the courtesy of an investigation, is not moving in the path of peace. In presenting that petition the people were acting strictly within their constitutional rights. In denying it in the way they did the trustees acted as we believe, clearly outside of their authority. They constituted themselves judges, jury, witnesses and everything else, of the whole matter. From the humble position of servants they blossomed out into full-fledged bosses and tyrants. And immediately after this exhibition of official folly one of their number tries to pour oil upon the troubled waters, by crying peace, peace. They flaunt red and white flags in the faces of the public at one and the same time.

We venture to say that those on the petition are far more concerned for the welfare and good name of Jackson than the repudiators of the people's rights. They have more material interests at stake, and it is not supposable that any sane man will knowingly pursue a course contrary to his own interests. The worst blow this young city has received has come from those who were elected and sworn to safeguard its interests. Their latest act has done more to advertise the city in an unenviable light before the world than at night else that has occurred. The proper spirit in which to have met the issue would have been this: "We bow to the wishes of the people. It is for them to make or unmake municipal corporations. It is not for us, as mere servants, to interpose any objection, but rather to afford every facility for the voicing of the popular will. It is not our business to add to or take from the petition. We desire to be fair and broad in this matter, and if there are seeming flaws in the petition, we deem it no more than right that those concerned should be so apprised, and given an opportunity to be heard, and if they so desire, an opportunity of amending the petition by the addition of other names." That would have sounded like the fair thing, and would have tended to a calm and dispassionate settlement. It is to be regretted that the trustees adopted the course of deciding the matter by their own selves and in their own way, with scant deference to those who elevated them to positions of trust. At the door of the city trustees rests the impairment of the confidence of this people in their capacity for self government.

Voters will do well to remember that by an act of the last legislature which went into effect April, 1907, all voters are required to declare their political party affiliation at the time they make application for registration. Failure to do so will not disqualify a man from voting at the general election to be held in November, or any general election for that matter, but it could be made a ground of challenge at the primary election for delegates to attend the national convention. We may not be able to see any urgent need for such a law, but inasmuch as the lawmakers have seen fit to place it upon the statute books, it behooves party to men comply with it. Primaries are to be held on the 5th. Republicans who have not registered since the 1st of January, 1908, should do so before May 5, and at the same time announce their fealty to the republican party if they want to participate in the primaries on that date.

CASTORIA

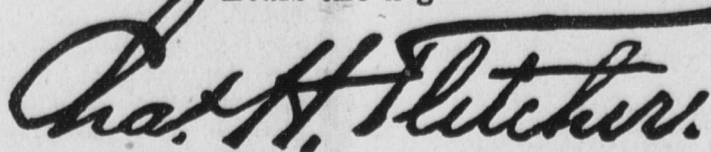
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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Possum.
 Preferably possum should be cooked over a wood fire in a log cabin and seasoned with the odorous blue smoke of hickory and ash as the lid of the oven is lifted now and again to give a glimpse of the promised viand to those who wait with whetted appetite for the coming feast. With the possum and taters there should be served either the ordinary Kentucky corn pone—if such an adjective may be not improperly applied to anything so rare—or the Olympian cracklin' bread of the hog killing season. In justice to the possum it must be said that neither corn pone nor cracklin' bread is necessary, but it serves well not only to mop up the gravy, but also to prevent the possum and the yams from melting in the mouth too rapidly for the flavor to be enjoyed in the fullest. The finest possums on earth are found in the woodlands of the Pennyrile district of Kentucky, and they reach perfection about the time the perfumed pawpaw becomes so ripe that it falls from the parent stem and reposes in all of its golden beauty in the orange tinted leaves that the earth has first claimed as tribute from the trees for her enrichment. — Louisville Courier-Journal.

American Temperament and Art.
 The majority of the men and women who gave American life its form and direction were not the children of an artistic race, though they were the heirs of a great literature. They descended from a people who have never pursued art as an end and whose first instinctive expression in meeting great experiences has never been artistic, but who have never divorced action from vision nor failed in the long run to match power in action with some kind of beauty in speech. From its English ancestry the country has inherited an ingrained and ineffaceable idealism of nature, which enormous tasks and hitherto incredible prosperity have at times smothered and blighted, but never destroyed. From other races have come richer temperament, quicker sensibilities, craving for joy and love of beauty for its own sake, which have already immensely enriched American art and are subsolving American life.—Hamilton Mable in Atlantic.

The Wettest Trade.
 The lot of the Ceylon pearl diver is not an easy one. Stones are suspended on a running rope over an outrigger projected from the boat's side in such a convenient position as to allow the diver to place one foot within a loop affixed to the stone. The diver, having placed himself with one foot on the stone, with a net around his neck to hold oysters, draws in his breath, closes the nostrils with one hand and raises his body to give force to the descent. The manduck (or diver's attendant), in charge of the stone and nets, lets go, and the diver rapidly reaches the bottom, leaves the stone, which the manduck instantly hauls up and refixes, throws himself on the ground, creeping along, and fills his net with oysters. This done, he jerks the rope, which is pulled up by the manduck in charge, and the contents of the net are discharged into the boat. The diver meanwhile rises to the surface.—Ceylon Manual.

The Restless Piper.
 A Wall street financier was talking about music. "I like all music," he said, "except such native and special sorts as the tontom, the bagpipes or the Indian hufaa give off. Did you ever notice how a piper prances up and down as he pipes? He never sits, he never stands still, but up and down, round and round, to and fro, he struts continually. A little boy, listening to the weird skill of the bagpipes of a street performer, once said to his father, 'Father, why does the piper keep on the move all the time he plays?' 'I can't say, my boy,' the father answered, 'unless it is to prevent anyone getting the range with a cobblestone.'"

Correct Interpretation Essential.
 Many of the most beautiful pieces of poetry in literature would seem uninteresting and flat if read by a bad reciter. In the same way a good reciter will make attractive a poem whose beauties are not so apparent. A fine painter will light up each little beauty in his pictures until the smallest detail is attractive and strikes the eye. It is only the mediocrity whose work is characterized by sameness and lack of interest.—Strand Magazine.

Logical Supposition.
 Little Lloyd—Papa, was George Washington married to England? Papa—Of course not, my son. Why do you ask such a silly question? Little Lloyd—This book says England is our mother country, and as George Washington was the father of his country I supposed they were married.—Chicago News.

He Was Incurable.
 Underdone—My husband is complaining again of your cooking, Mary. Mary (reassuringly)—Oh, mum, I don't take any notice of him, for 'tis the nature of him to find fault. Ain't he forever complainin' of you, mum?—Illustrated Bits.

Good Nature.
 Good nature is worth more than knowledge, more than money, more than honor, to the persons who possess it, and certainly to everybody who dwells with them, in so far as mere happiness is concerned.—H. W. Beecher.

Alone?
 Aunt—And have you been all that long way alone? Niece—Yes, auntie. Aunt—Then how is it you went out with an umbrella and came back with a walking stick?—London Punch.

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Amador County Descriptive Article

Amador county comprises an area of 548 square miles. It lies on the western slope of Sierra Nevada mountains, and embraces within its territory all the diversity of valley, foothill, and high mountainous lands.

Climate.—The climate of the populous portions of the county is as genial and healthful as can be found anywhere in California. As climate is one of the most valuable assets of this favored state in attracting population, Amador stands second to no county in this regard. It should, and no doubt will in time, when its climatic advantages are more thoroughly understood and appreciated, become a health resort not only for those in less favored states, but for the residents of other parts of California. The temperature alone the central portion rarely falls below 30 degrees above zero in winter, and as rarely rises to 100 degrees in the summer. Snow seldom falls in the settled districts, and never remains on the ground for more than a few hours. Of course, in the high mountain regions of eastern Amador the snowfall is very heavy—which is characteristic of the entire Sierra Nevada range. The summer season is always accompanied with cool nights; permitting of sound, refreshing slumber. Fogs are rare, cyclones are unknown, thunderstorms are infrequent.

Gold Mining.—The county, although rich in other sources of wealth, comparatively untouched, is noted principally for her quartz mines. The deepest gold mines in America are located here. The Kennedy mine is now taking gold in liberal quantities from quartz extracted from a depth of over 2000 feet below the surface, with every indication that the pay-off extends to a much greater depth. Since the discovery of gold, the county has contributed fully \$100,000,000 to the world's supply of the precious metal. The mines are still yielding at the rate of about two million dollars annually. Nearly all of this wealth is produced by eight or ten mines operating on what is called the "mother lode," stretching clear across the county in a north-easterly direction a distance of twenty miles. The mines aggregate between 400 and 500 stamps, and furnish employment for over 1000 miners. This industry is still in its infancy. The unexplored territory, even along the main gold belt, is far in excess of the ground that has actually been worked or prospected. The county offers to-day one of the most inviting fields to be found anywhere in the world for the investment of capital in the fascinating business of gold mining, not alone along the mother lode, but also in the almost untouched mineralized country of the east belt, some ten or twelve miles from the main lode.

Besides gold, we have copper, deposits of pottery, coal, marble, slate, limestone, granite, and soapstone or talc—all undeveloped.

Agricultural Capabilities.—The agricultural possibilities equal, if not excel, the mineral riches. The valley lands will produce anything that can be grown in the most favored sections. In the foothill lands all kinds of deciduous fruits thrive; also all kinds of vegetable are raised where irrigation is practicable along the numerous water courses. Further up in the mountains, at an altitude of 2000 to 2500 feet, the soil is admirably adapted for apples and potatoes. A ready market for many times the quantity now raised of these commodities can be found in the various mining towns.

Grape culture and winemaking are becoming important industries, both the grapes and wine commanding a better price than the product of the lowland.

Land is cheap compared with other California lands. Improved farms may be secured for one-fourth the price current in some places. Unimproved lands can be had from \$5 to \$10 per acre. It does not require a fortune to buy a small ranch. There is room for a large addition to our agricultural population. Vast tracts now devoted to cattle ranges might be made the homes of hundreds of prosperous farmers.

Amador has a population of less than 12,000. Three fourths of this is concentrated in a strip of three miles above and below the mineral belt.

Jackson, the county seat, has about 2500 inhabitants, and is an incorporated city of the sixth class. Other towns are Sutter Creek, Amador City, Drytown, Plymouth, Volcano, Pine Grove and Oleta. Ione City is the metropolis of the valley section, a thriving town of 1000 inhabitants.

The community is law-abiding. Educational facilities are excellent. A schoolhouse is within easy reach of nearly every family. There is one high school, located at Ione.

The assessment roll for 1907 is \$5,800,793, and the tax rate for both state and county purposes \$2 on the \$100.

The Southern Pacific has a branch railroad running to Ione. From this point the Ione and Eastern railroad extends 14 miles further to the mining section.

The various religious denominations and fraternal organizations are well represented.

The power plant of the Standard Electric Co.—one of the largest in the world—is located four miles from Jackson.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON

Washington, Feb. 14.

As far as any one knows, there is no likelihood that there will be war between this and any foreign nation. Outwardly, and in the opinion of the state department, inwardly, the relations with all other governments are peaceful, harmonious, and practically free from friction. Nevertheless, rumors of possible trouble persist, and while they are regarded as distinctly the work of alarmists, there is no disposition on the part of the government to neglect any precautions which the welfare and peace of the country can possibly require. What is being done, and what is contemplated, is not from fear of attack by any particular enemy. It is way of precaution to safeguard the nation from surprise anywhere, by any one. Of course it is realized by the western representatives in congress that the Pacific coast is the least able of all sections of the country, under present conditions, to repel an attack if one should be made. It is therefore urged consistently by the California delegation that the work of perfecting the coast defenses be not hampered by lack of money, that the necessary barracks, storehouses, and other buildings be constructed, the artillery companies strengthened, reserves organized, submarines built for the protection of the coast where an enemy might find unfortified landing places, and money appropriated for the various navy yards, coaling stations and other naval depots, according to the requests of the authorities whose duty is to point out the needs of the country in those particulars. As a man does not wait to insure his house until he sees it on fire, so a prudent nation does not wait for a declaration of war before it prepares to protect its coasts, and a few millions expended with seeming liberality—even with prodigality—may save hundreds of millions in property and thousands of lives. It is a satisfaction to be able to state that not only the Californians in congress, but the entire Pacific coast delegation, are a unit in standing for those things which seem to them necessary for the well-being of the section of the Union from which they come, and their influence is recognized as one to be reckoned with not only in local affairs, but in all legislation before congress.

One of the most important things of the entire session is the consideration of the Japanese question, which is scheduled to come up before the foreign affairs committee of the house on February 17th. Congressman E. A. Hayes of the fifth district, as every one in California doubtless knows, has introduced a bill providing for the exclusion of Japanese from this country, except certain favored classes. As a matter of fact, the bill provides for excluding not only Japanese—for it is not desired by the congressmen to reflect on that nationality—but all orientals of the less desirable classes. The fact remains that the Japanese are likely to be chiefly affected by the bill, but the recent influx of Hindoos shows that there are undesirable classes in other countries than Japan and China, and that they may under certain circumstances become an actual menace to the industrial system of the United States. Mr. Hayes has been anxious to have this bill taken up for consideration but he has deferred to the wishes of the president and the state department to allow the matter to rest until the diplomatic exchanges between this country and Japan could mature into a working agreement on the immigration question. That is said now to be in sight, and the discussion of the exclusion bill will be taken up.

The hearings will be held by a subcommittee, according to custom in such matters, and its composition will be of interest to people of the Pacific coast. In its membership it is pretty evenly divided between those favoring some form of exclusion, those opposed to it, and those who are not committed to either course. There are three republicans, Messrs. Perkins and Fassett, of New York, and Denby of Michigan; and two democrats, Messrs. Howard of Georgia, and Lamar of Florida. Mr. Lamar and Mr. Perkins are understood to be generally in favor of excluding undesirable orientals. Messrs. Denby and Howard are open-minded, and willing to consider the question on its merits. Accordingly the court will be essentially fair and unprejudiced, for even Mr. Fassett, who in the past has been in favor of modifying the exclusion laws, is a man of character and good judgment, who will undoubtedly be influenced by such facts as can be brought out in the discussion. Besides, he has interests on the Pacific coast which must eventually be largely influenced by the decision reached by congress on the question of exclusion. There is no doubt where the Pacific

coast stands on this question of Oriental immigration. All of the western members met together recently and agreed to support the Hayes bill, or at least the principles in general which it advocates. They listened to various speakers, and then agreed to give all the assistance in their power in furtherance of exclusion. They invited and authorized Messrs. Kahn, Hayes and McKinlay to appear for them before the subcommittee. As author of the bill, Mr. Hayes, of course, will bear the brunt of the discussion, and he is well prepared with facts, figures, and arguments to sustain his position in favor of exclusion. His speech of last session on exclusion was such an able presentation of the subject that it attracted wide attention and was in great demand by those who were desirous of informing themselves on exclusion. Mr. Kahn, also, has become an authority on this subject, and has just returned from Michigan where he went on special invitation to deliver three addresses on the subject of Japanese exclusion. Mr. McKinlay is also becoming a favorite lecturer in the east and has been called on recently to make several addresses on various topics.

Quite an important bill and one designed to remedy a defect in the existing law, has been introduced by congressman E. A. Hayes, whose district includes part of San Francisco, San Jose, and other cities where the naturalization laws are of importance. It provides that in naturalization cases either party—the government or the individual, can take an appeal to the circuit court of appeals, but on questions of law only. This bill will probably become a law as the need of something of the kind has been manifest to lawyers for some time. The bill was referred to the committee on immigration and naturalization.

Congressman Englebright was one of the first to recognize the need of a bureau of mines by introducing a bill for its creation, but half a dozen other congressmen introduced similar bills almost immediately and now they are being considered in committee and by a process of amalgamation and digestion they will probably be evolved into a composite measure embodying the best features of each. Mr. Englebright has received many letters regarding his bill, and not all of them have been from California, either. He has great hopes of some measure of the kind receiving favorable consideration from congress.

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Scores of Jackson Citizens Have Learned It.

If you suffer from backache, there is only one way to cure it. The perfect way is to cure the kidneys.

A bad back means sick kidneys. Neglect it, urinary troubles follow. Doan's Kidney Pills are made for kidneys only. Are endorsed by Jackson people. Mrs. E. Boden, living in Newmanville, Jackson, Cal., says: "Doan's kidney pills have been used in my family and the results were most satisfactory. My brother first advised me to try them while suffering severely from kidney trouble. I had been bothered with severe pains in my back for a long time and finally became so run down that I could hardly get around. My back was very painful and the pains were so severe at night that I could not sleep. My kidneys were very irregular and gave me great annoyance. I suffered from headaches and dizzy spells bothered me a great deal. At last Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention, and I procured a box at the City Pharmacy. They helped me from the first, I continued taking them and as a result received a complete cure."

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above all things wish to give their children pure, healthful food.

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Made from a Superior grade of Pure Cream of Tartar.

Lively Cheese.
"The taste in cheese has grown more delicate on the continent," said a Paris chef. "A cream cheese raw is now our favorite, whereas in the past we demanded cooked cheeses of the greatest harshness and strength. Why?"

The chef laughed.
"Why," he said, "when I was at the Petit Riche many years ago a remarkable thing happened, a thing that indicates the sort of cheeses that in the past were eaten. A patron seated at a corner table in the Petit Riche called suddenly to the waiter:

"Baptiste, take away this cheese!"

"Baptiste approached.

"Pardon me, sir," he said in his polite way, "but can I fetch you something else?"

"The patron made a gesture of impatience.

"Take this away first, hang it!" he exclaimed.

"Yes, sir; very good, sir," said Baptiste. "We have some fine Gorgonzola or perhaps the Gruyere."

"Great Scott!" the other interrupted. "If you don't take this stuff away at once I'll send for the police."

"I am very sorry, sir," said Baptiste. "Is there anything wrong with it?"

"Wrong!" shouted the guest. "Why, it's eating all my bread!"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Story From India.

An Indian merchant wished to dispose of an old elephant and took it to a fair. As soon as he had arrived he noticed a man who, without saying a word, began to walk round the animal, examining it attentively on all sides. The merchant became very anxious, for he feared the man had found out that his elephant was not worth much. He took him aside and whispered in his ear: "I see a customer coming. Do not say a word until I have sold the beast, and I will give you 50 rupees." The man looked at the merchant and wonderingly complied with his request. It happened that the customer had more money than sense, so he was easily taken in. When the bargain was completed and the elephant led away by its new owner, the merchant handed the 50 rupees to the silent man, saying: "Now I want you to tell me how you discovered the defect in his left leg. I thought I had concealed it so skillfully." "I have discovered nothing," replied the stranger. "It is the first elephant I have ever seen, and I wanted to know which was the head and which was the tail."

A Persevering Traveler.

A commercial traveler who is noted for his perseverance once called on a merchant and sent in his card, requesting an interview, says a western paper. Happening to glance into the office he saw the recipient tear up his card and throw it into the waste paper basket. The office boy returned with the old story that "Mr. B. was sorry, but he could not see him."

The traveler, nothing daunted, requested that Mr. B. should return his card, which of course he had seen destroyed. In a minute the boy returned and handed him twopence and remarked that Mr. B. had destroyed the card and thought that this sum would cover the damage.

The traveler succeeded in getting another card into Mr. B.'s sanctum, and Mr. B. read on it, "These cards are two for threepence."

He got his interview, and Mr. B. became one of his best customers.—London Mail.

The Fault.

"Did your case go by default, Sam?"

"Yassir. De fault ob de jury, yassir."

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Forsake not an old friend, for the new is not comparable unto him.—Solomon.

Flour Tests.

Since more bread is eaten in the course of a lifetime than any other one article of food, it behooves us to have it of the best possible quality. Even in this era of strict pure food laws flour will be adulterated, so it is up to us to be able to test its purity for ourselves. The chief ingredients that are mixed in flour are whiting and alum, both of which can be discovered by simple tests. To discover alum in flour it is only necessary to remember that it coagulates with milk. Soak a piece of bread in water until it is entirely dissolved, then put it on to boil with an equal quantity of milk. If there is any alum lurking around great clots will be formed. Even simpler is the test for whiting. Moisten the thumb and first finger with a little olive oil and rub between them a good sized pinch of flour. If it turns brown, but does not get sticky, its purity is pretty certain. Whiting's presence will be shown by a sticky, pasty feeling and no discoloration.

Found a Customer.

"My friends, are you aware with what vile compounds you insult your stomachs?" said an eloquent preacher in a mining town recently. After a short pause he continued: "The stuff served to you at the dramshops here is not honest whisky, but a mixture of alcohol and water colored and flavored with fusel oil and chemicals. You can go to any drug store and for 50 cents buy enough of these ingredients to make a barrel of the stuff you drink!"

As he reached this climax a great burly man jumped up and, waving a five dollar bill high in his hand, exclaimed in stentorian tones:

"One moment, please. Here is my last V. Give me that recipe. I would sooner possess it than a gold mine!"

A hearty cheer by the audience ended the meeting. The preacher prudently withdrew, richer in experience and more circumspect in his remarks at subsequent gatherings.—Buffalo News.

To Aim Straight Is Human.

Anthropologists have remarked that taking aim is a human characteristic that even the anthropoid apes cannot be said to share. Apes and monkeys frequently throw nuts and sticks, sometimes with unpleasant consequences to others, but they show little or no ability to take accurate aim. The baboon is said to excel somewhat in this respect, but still it would never pass for a marksman. Accuracy of eye and the judgment of direction and distance that are involved in real aiming have been developed only by man and are among the tokens of his intellectual superiority.—St. Louis Republic.

Delicious Supper Dish.

For Swiss eggs, a delicious supper dish, spread the bottom of a baking dish with two ounces of butter. Cover this with thin slices of American cheese. Place four eggs over the cheese, taking care that the yolks are not broken. Season with pepper and salt, pour around the eggs two table-spoonfuls of rich cream and cover the top with grated cheese. Bake it for ten minutes, garnish with parsley and serve with fingers of dried toast.—New York Tribune.

Training.

"Why, Nettie," said her mother, "what in the world are you pounding your doll with your father's slipper for?"

"Because she refuses to obey me, mamma," replied the little miss. "I'm not going to have the neighbors saying that I spared the slipper and spoiled my child."—Exchange.

Land and Mineral Decisions.

Reported by Woodford D. Harlan, Land Attorney, Washington, D. C.

Residence.—Occupation through a tenant is not the maintenance or establishment of residence requisite under the public land law.

Settlement.—The failure of a settler to assert his right within the statutory period, and consequent loss of priority as against an intervening entry, does not preclude the assertion of his right as against a subsequent entryman, where said settler remains on the land and the intervening entry is canceled.

Relinquishment.—A relinquishment when filed operates instantly to release the land from the entry.

Practice.—Papers presented for filing, but refused by the local office on account of press of business, should be held as filed of the date when presented.

Mining Claim.—The right to purchase mineral land is restricted to citizens of the United States, or those who have declared their intention to become such.

Mineral Land.—The mineral value of a vein is not established by an ordinary assay certificate.

Coal Land.—An entry of coal land attacked by subsequent homestead claimant, may be canceled as to the legal subdivisions that are not valuable for coal.

Poisonous Water.

Water that has once been heated, or that has stood any length of time in the kettle, cannot be made to boil as quickly as freshly drawn cold water. If this fact were fully appreciated, it would have more weight with housekeepers as an argument against using water that has stood over night than numerous homilies on the unhealthfulness of stale water. Fresh water is living, and water that has been boiled, or allowed to stand long absorbing gases and heat, is either dead or poisoned, so it is easier to boil fresh water than stale or dead water.

For drinking purposes, water should be boiled, bottled immediately and fastened tight. When cool, lay the bottles on the ice. It will be found superior to ice water on all occasions.

In connection with the subject of water, there is one peculiar property of that liquid with which every one should be made acquainted, and that is, its capacity for absorbing impurities, which it increases proportionately the colder it gets. Hence, water that has stood in an insufficiently ventilated sleeping chamber all night is not only unpleasant, but is injurious to drink, since it readily absorbs the poisonous gases given off by respiration and the action of the skin.

An ordinary pitcher of water, under such conditions, at a temperature of 60 degrees, will be found to have absorbed during the night from a pint to a pint and a half of carbonic acid gas, and an increase of ammonia. Ice water is an objectionable drink at all times, but if it is indulged in, the vessel containing it should never be left uncovered in sleeping or sitting rooms, because at freezing point its capacity for absorbing these deleterious substances is nearly doubled.—Boston Budget and Beacon.

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter Ocean, both papers for one year, \$2.50 in advance.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS

SHERANDOAH VALLEY.

The sunshine though pale is very welcome after so much cloudy weather, and the farmers are hustling, some to finish putting in grain and others to commence summer fallowing. The grain that is up is growing fine, and bids fair to be a good crop all over the valley.

Geo. Upton sr., went to Sacramento the later part of last week, returning Saturday evening accompanied by his daughter, Miss Dora, who has been in Sacramento for some time past, under the treatment of Dr. T. Wah Hing. We understand that the young lady is entirely recovered.

Mrs. Mattie Watson and son George, of Merced, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Ball, and other relatives.

J. A. Crain, who is working a mine at Slug Gulch, near Fairplay, El Dorado county, came down to visit his family, who are living in the Joe Davis' residence.

Miss Ruby Dillon is visiting friends and relatives in Sacramento and Oak Grove, she expects to be away nearly a month.

There are a few cases of chicken-pox in the valley, and we are told that there is several cases of whooping cough in Plymouth.

The orchardists in the valley expect a heavy yield of fruit this season, as the continued cold and cloudy weather has kept the buds back, so they are not so liable to be killed by the late frosts.

The new telephone company held its first meeting Feb. 8, 1908, electing its officers, they are as follows: Wm. Warren, president for one year; O. E. Harrell, secretary and treasurer for one year; H. Jameson, trustee for three years term; H. Vennewitz, trustee for two years; F. Yager, trustee for one year. The new line is to be known as the Shenandoah Valley Rural Telephone Company.

The main line runs from Plymouth to the Uno post office, it follows the main public road from Plymouth to the east boundary line of the Baughman ranch, then out north across the Cosumnes river to the Jameson ranch, then east by way of Wm. Warren's place. The central office will beat the Plymouth post office, where it will connect with the Sunset telephone, and will be under the direction of the enterprising agent of that company, F. Thoms. The time both the main and the several branch lines, is nearly completed, they are now waiting for the boxes, which have been ordered. We expect to get first class service on this line, and there is no doubt that in the near future it will be extended farther in the mountains, notwithstanding the various rumors that have been circulated against the interest of said company by some of our enterprising neighbors. Wishing it all possible success.

Shynear.

AUKUM.

Feb. 17.—In a winter night in 1859, a score or more of the prominent men of Jackson, by probably a coincidence of which no one is master, happened one by one into Tom Wells' blacksmith shop in that place, conversing in a desultory manner, telling anecdotes or parrying in repartee and watching at the same time Tom Wells laying a number of miner's picks with steel. The blacksmith was striking two licks to the striker's one, who brought his hammer over hand upon the hot welding steel. Some one of the number remarked that it was a feat of skill for the blacksmith to strike his two licks to the striker's one, without coming in conflict with the descending hammer of the helper. The late Judge J. W. Armstrong, then a new fledged young lawyer, being of the party in the shop remarked, dryly and in good humor, "Any d— fool can do that."

Wells looked up with a tinge of chagrin in his demeanor, and irony in his answer; "If any lawyer just coming out of the shell says he can perform the feat, I'll treat the crowd."

"Well," said Armstrong, "I'll bet you, as green as I am, that I can do it for the champagne for the crowd."

"Done," says Wells. "I'll take it. You must get the right heat," says Armstrong, "and I will take it from your hands and do the rest."

"All right" was Tom Wells' curt answer.

Armstrong deposited his silk plug hat on the work bench, hung his coat and vest upon a nail, and deliberately put on the blacksmith's apron. He stepped up close to the anvil so as to be ready to take the pick from Wells' hand when ready to weld.

"All right," said Wells, drawing the pick from the fire.

Armstrong grabbed it, struck the steel upon the point to drive it securely back in its place, and told the striker to come down upon it. He welded it and drew it out to as nice a point as Wells could have done to have saved his life.

Wells watched him with surprise, and then said, "D— you, you never do anything else but stand at an anvil."

Gentlemen, said Armstrong, we will now have the champagne at Wells' expense. The next time he bets, he had better be sure that the man he is betting against is not a blacksmith. I learned the trade and learned it thoroughly. Lets have the champagne at Wells' expense.

Giddy Dick.

JACKSON VALLEY.

Feb. 12.—Ed. Postle who has been on the sick list for the past few days, is now on the road to recovery.

Miss Inez Bonham spent Saturday and Sunday with Florence and Lucella Swift, at their home on Dry Creek.

Little Miss Nona Kidd returned home Sunday, after having spent a couple of weeks with her grandparents in Julian district.

Joe Foster spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. J. Kidd.

Francis Bryant, who has been engaged in Sacramento, has returned to his home in this valley.

Miss Dora Foster is spending a few days with friends and relatives in the valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Van Klear of Lodi, spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Diebold.

Miss Georgia Bonham, who has been on the sick list, is now improving slowly.

Clemens Bryant is now working for Mr. Comstock, on the Perky ranch on Dry Creek.

Harry Prouty and Miss Almada Brown, came up from Galt one day last week. Mr. Prouty is spending a few days with A. C. Miner, and Miss Brown is staying with her sister, Mrs. B. A. Prouty of Lone.

IONE.

Feb. 20.—Mrs. C. M. Solomonson spent several days of last week in Sacramento, visiting her daughter, Jennie.

Mrs. Coover and Mrs. Tyrell, who have been visiting relatives here for several weeks, departed Wednesday for San Francisco.

George Woolsey and Mrs. M. E. Woolsey hid themselves to Jackson Tuesday and were quietly married. May they enjoy many years of happiness.

Arthur Burris, who has been visiting the home folks for a couple of weeks, departed Tuesday for Stockton, where he will remain for a few days before returning to his work at Sacramento.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Freeman of San Francisco, who have been visiting the latter's brothers in this vicinity, returned home Tuesday.

The ball given by the K. of P. in the lone pavilion last Saturday night, was a grand success.

Mrs. Agnes Flathers of Oakland, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Mack, for a few weeks.

Miss Oda Wooster of San Francisco, who has been the guest of her cousin, Miss Eda Adams, departed for her home Wednesday morning.

A drama was given by local talent in the lone pavilion Friday night, and was highly appreciated. Those who took part are certainly deserving of praise.

The funeral of Mrs. Cherighino was held from her home at Camanche Tuesday, and her remains were laid to rest in the lone cemetery.

loneite.

SUTTER CREEK.

Feb. 20.—Miss Hazel McCauldass went to San Francisco Sunday morning, to visit her mother, Mrs. Archer.

Mrs. Jacob Bernardi is visiting her daughter in San Francisco.

Miss Lizzie Perfumo was a passenger Sunday morning en route to Stockton, and will remain indefinitely visiting friends.

Fred Hubbell and wife are here from Los Angeles, visiting their mother, Mrs. Hubbell, who has been seriously ill.

Mrs. Florence Shealer went to Lodi Wednesday morning, upon receipt of message that her mother, Mrs. Fred Letzer, was critically ill at that place.

Mrs. P. Reeves and Mrs. Nichols of Amador, were here Thursday, the guests of Mrs. Ed. Shealer.

Last Tuesday evening John Raddatz and John Hancock, two brothers of our fraternal order, agreed to take an outing, so hired one of Rabb's best rigs, and went to Amador. In a short time Rabb through some misunderstanding, sent a boy over and brought the team home. When the gentlemen were ready to return there was no rig, so they did the next best thing, and that was to foot it. The road was long, and the hill was steep, the night birds croaked, the owls hooted, but though they groaned, they stayed with it like stayers, finally reaching home a very sympathetic looking pair in the wee small hours, finding a resting place in that haven, where the sign says, Raddatz beer. It may have been one of Rabb's jokes, but we are wondering if the dear boys really enjoyed the joke.

Sheriff Gregory and wife of Jackson, were here Thursday, the guests of Mrs. Ed. Shealer.

Dr. Fogarty returned yesterday from Mokelumne Hill, where he has been for the past three weeks, attending to the wants of the people of that town in the dental line.

Reserved seats for "Enlisted for the War" will be on sale at Spagnoli's drug store to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Dr. Fogarty returned yesterday from Mokelumne Hill, where he has been for the past three weeks, attending to the wants of the people of that town in the dental line.

DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

[The following instruments have been filed for record in the recorder's office since our last report. We publish a complete list of documents recorded, and must decline to accede to any request to suppress any document from these columns. Don't ask us to do so.]

Deeds.—Ray K. Belden and P. B. Aikin to E. C. Ambrose, $\frac{1}{4}$ interest in the Climax quartz claim in 5-6-12, \$2000.

St. Julian Gold Mining Company to A. Ginochio, the mining claim and appurtenances, \$1000. R. C. Rust president and A. Caminetti secretary of the company.

A. Ginochio to Ella E. and A. Caminetti, a $\frac{3}{8}$ interest in St. Julian quartz mine and claim, \$10.

Ella E. and A. Caminetti to Bank of Amador County, a $\frac{3}{8}$ interest in St. Julian quartz mine and claim, \$10.

William Jarman to Mary Jarman all his interest in estate of Mary A. Hall, deceased, which previously has been transferred to him by his wife.

Daniel W. Felker and Clara Rachon to George W. Felker, lot 6 block 14, Plymouth, \$5.

M. E. Decker, Mrs. F. Hamilton and Lilian M. Mitchell to George W. Felker, lot 6 block 14, \$5.

Robert Jones to Joseph Rupley, 40 acres in 28, 40 in 29, 120 in 32, and 160 in 33-8-9, \$2000.

Stockton Water Company to Blue Lake Water Company, all franchises and rights, subject, however to a first mortgage to Illinois Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago to secure bonds of the par value of \$350,000.

John W. Kirk and Fredrick Kirk to Charles H. Kirk, one-third interest in a trust deed executed by Emily C. Kirk, to 160 in 6 and 162.17 acres in 5-6-10, \$10.

Herbert A. Woolsey to Fredrick Kirk, $\frac{1}{2}$ interest in 8 acres in 29-6-10, \$10.

Reconveyance.—P. B. Green and W. F. J. Baughman trustees, to Rosa and Joseph Tonzi and John A. Tonzi.

Alfonso Ginochio and C. L. Culbert, trustees, to Josie and Alfred W. Darling.

Mortgages.—Joseph Davis to I. P. Ostrom, 80 acres in 20, 200 acres in 29 and 40 in 30-8-11 to secure note for \$2000, three years interest at 8 per cent.

Joseph Rupley to George D. H. Myers, 40 acres in 28, 40 in 29, 120 in 32 and 160 in 33, all in 8-9, to secure a note for \$1725, interest at 5 per cent payable in installments until Feb. 1914.

Margaret Jane Gebhardt, nee Bonham, to Clara Bonham, an undivided 5-6 interest in 40 acres in 16-6-10, 133 more or less in 16-6-10 and 3 acres in 16-6-10, to secure a note for \$1606, four years interest at 7 per cent.

Trust Deed.—Flora B. and George W. Smith to A. Ginochio and C. L. Culbert, trustees for Bank of Amador County, 160 acres in 12-7-11, to secure a note for \$150.

Patent.—U. S. to George Moore and John Wetzel, the St. Julian quartz mine, Jackson district 10-5-11.

Certificate of Redemption.—Mason M. and M. Co., \$5.70, being delinquent taxes 1906 on 80 acres in 10-6-12.

J. Parrott et al, \$5.00, being delinquent taxes 1906 on 80 acres in 15-6-12.

Satisfaction of Mortgages.—Wm. Hynds to J. J. Davis and wife.

Clara Bonham to A. J. Bonham.

Notice of Non-responsibility.—Lester H. Jacobs, owner of the Farrell quartz claim in Middle Bar mining district, gives notice that he will not be responsible for work done on it. This is to prevent attachment of liens.

Proofs of Labor.—Thomas C. Mayon on, 40 acres in 3-7-11.

Amador Encumbrance No. 17 I. O. O. F. conferred the degree upon a candidate Wednesday night, several of the brothers from Jackson were in attendance. At the conclusion of all business the brothers got busy and helped to prepare the spread in a way that proved their domestic training, and in a short time were enjoying themselves in the usual way.

Miss Annie Jones, after a very pleasant visit of three months with her mother and brothers, left for Oakland Thursday morning.

The game of basket ball played last Saturday afternoon on the Sutter court, between the lone and Sutter Creek grammar schools, ended in a victory for the home team by a score of 14 to 6. There were many interested spectators, and a good total realized from the gate receipts. The game lasted almost an hour.

E. S. Barney was over from the ranch this week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Voorheis for a couple of days.

Mrs. Harrison of San Francisco, is here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Toman.

Reserved seats for "Enlisted for the War" will be on sale at Spagnoli's drug store to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Dr. Fogarty returned yesterday from Mokelumne Hill, where he has been for the past three weeks, attending to the wants of the people of that town in the dental line.

Clipped from Exchanges.

Governor Gillett yesterday commuted the sentence of Edward Rowe, serving a twelve-year sentence at San Quentin for assault with intent to commit murder in order that Rowe may care for his mother, whose husband and three other children have died since young Rowe, now 21 years of age, was sent to prison four years ago. Rowe was committed on May 10, 1904. It was while Rowe was confined in the Preston school of industry, to which he had been sent as an incorrigible, that he made an assault on J. S. Phillips, one of the employees at the lone institution, a former resident of Galt, and well known in Lodi. Some of the boys had planned a break, but the leaders refused to take the lead. Finally Rowe and another lad took affairs into their own hands and planned an assault on one of the employees, Mr. Ray. When Ray and Phillips were both on guard one night, Rowe, feigning illness, inducing Phillips to come to his side. Rowe then hit Phillips on the head with a rock tied in a sock. Phillips managed to close the doors, but not until the other boy had escaped. This boy was afterwards captured and sent to the state prison at Folsom. Rowe was given fifty-six lashes at the school, and later, before Judge R. C. Rust, at Jackson, was sentenced to serve twelve years at San Quentin. Judge Rust, Phillips and others recommended commutation of the sentence. Phillips believes that Rowe was too young at the time the assault was made to have knowledge of the seriousness of the act. He has promised to care for his mother, and the governor will give him a chance.—Lodi Sentinel.

F. H. Scott, of Cosumnes, president of the Tahoe live stock association, was in Folsom Wednesday and in conversation with the writer stated that the dairymen are becoming greatly agitated at the depredations being done by the worms. He says that the worms are spreading at an alarming rate along the foothills and the adjacent valley lands, and that the situation is a serious one. He has applied to the State University for advice as to how to combat the pests, and other stock men have sent specimens to the university.—Folsom Telegraph.

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned desires to extend his sincere thanks to the party or parties who returned to him the valuable documents and papers stolen from his residence some months ago, by leaving the same in a conspicuous place in the Shober barn.

James Harris.

Jackson, Feb. 20, '08.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Notice of Assessment.

Valparaiso Gold Mining Company. Location of works Jackson Mining district, Amador county, California. Location of principal place of business Jackson, Amador county, California.

Notice is hereby given that, at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Valparaiso Gold Mining Company, held on the 5th day of February, 1908, an assessment (No. 2) of one (1c) cent per share was levied on the subscribed capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in lawful money of the United States, to the secretary at the office of the company, at the store of Wm. Tam, Main street, Jackson, Amador county, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 11th day of March, 1908, will be delinquent and will be advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Saturday, March 28, 1908, to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

WILLIAM TAM, Secretary of said Valparaiso Gold Mining Company. Office of company, Main street, Jackson, Amador county, California.

Notice of Assessment.

Oleta Gravel Mining Co. Location of principal place of business, Oakland, California, and office of the company at Room No. 249 Bacon Building, Oakland, California. Location of works, Amador county, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on the 28th day of January, 1908, an assessment (No. 2.) of one-half (1/2) of one (1) per cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in lawful money of the United States to the secretary of the company at the office of the company, Room 249 Bacon Building, Oakland, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 6th day of March, 1908, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Monday the 6th day of April, 1908, to pay the delinquent assessment together with the costs of advertising an expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors, R. B. S. YORK, Secretary of said Oleta Gravel Mining Co. Office of company, Room 249 Bacon Building, Oakland, California.

Sealed Proposals

Bids will be received at the office of the undersigned until 8 o'clock p. m., on Thursday the 5th day of March, 1908, for doing the printing and advertising of the city of Jackson for one year from date of contract. Bids will only be received for advertising in newspapers of general circulation printed and published in the city of Jackson. Bidders will state in proposals the price per square for doing said work according to the following schedule to wit:

First-Price per square for first insertion.

Second-Price per square for second insertion.

Third-Price per square for third and each subsequent insertion.

The said square to consist of 234 ems.

Headings of publications not to exceed two inches.

Bidders will also state in said proposals the price for doing the following printing, to wit:

Letter heads per 500.

Envelopes No. 6 XXX per 500.

Envelopes No. 10 XXX per 500.

Tax receipts 100 per book.

Dog tax receipts 100 per book.

Treasurer's warrants per book.

License certificates and receipts 100 per book.

Criminal Complaints for Recorder's Court per 100.

Criminal warrants for Recorder's Court per 100.

Criminal Commitments for Recorder's Court per 100.

Posters $\frac{1}{4}$ Sheet per 100.

Posters $\frac{1}{4}$ " " additional hundred.

Posters $\frac{1}{2}$ Sheet per 100.

Posters $\frac{1}{2}$ " " additional hundred.

Assessment lists per 100.

Assessment book (regulation book) 100 pages.

Postal cards per hundred including postage.

Transcript and briefs, 34 lines to page.

All paper used for certificates and receipts, for any one set, must be of same color and weight, 20 lbs. stock 17x22 or its equivalent.

The newspaper to which contract for advertising shall be awarded, shall furnish free of charge, on the day of publication, one copy of said paper to the city clerk.

The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

L. J. GLAVINOVICH, City Clerk.

Summons.

In the Superior Court of the state of California, in and for Amador county.

Adelaide Laity plaintiff vs. James J. Laity defendant.

Action brought in the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, and the complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said Amador county.

The people of the state of California send greeting to James J. Laity defendant.

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the complaint in an action entitled as above, brought against you in the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, within ten days after the service on you of this summons—it served within this county; or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that, unless the defendant so appears and answers, the plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the complaint as arising upon contract, or will apply to the court for any other relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, this 17th day of January A. D. 1908.

(seal) J. R. HUBERTY, Clerk.

Wm. G. Snyder, Attorney for plaintiff.

Notice to Creditors.

In the superior court of the county of Amador, state of California.

Estate of Domenico Podesta, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Domenico Podesta, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administratrix at the law office of Wm. G. Snyder, at Jackson, Amador county, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said Amador county.

Dated, Jan. 28, 1908.

MARY J. FOX, Administratrix of the estate of Domenico Podesta, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Amador County, duly passed and adopted, a meeting of the stockholders of said Bank of Amador County, is hereby called for Thursday, April 16, 1908, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day at the office and principal place of business of said Bank of Amador County, Main street, Jackson, Cal., for the purpose of considering and voting on a proposal to increase the capital stock of said Bank of Amador County from five hundred (500) shares to one thousand and thirty (1030) shares and the capital stock of said Bank of Amador County from thirty thousand (\$30,000) to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

J. CHICHIZOLA, Pres. of the Bank of Amador Co. (Seal) C. L. Culbert, Sec'y of the Bank of Amador Co.

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter-Ocean, both papers for one year \$2.50 in advance.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of John McCulloh, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of John McCulloh, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said executor, at the office of Robert C. Bole, esq., Brown Building, Court street, Jackson, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said Amador county.

Dated, January 25, 1908.

JOHN G. McCULLOH, Executor of the last will and testament of John McCulloh, deceased.

Robert C. Bole, Attorney for executor. Jan. 31-5t.

WANTED

Would like to hear at once from owner having good medium size farm, or small business for sale in any good prosperous locality. Please give price and description, and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. No Agents need apply. Address, Lock Drawer 984, Rochester, N. Y.

Is Your Money

Drawing Interest

If not, buy a money order

and send it to the

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

OF SACRAMENTO.

For that cough

Take

Ruhser's White Pine, Tar and Menthol

50 cents per bottle

RUHSER'S CITY PHARMACY.

Jackson, Cal.

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

This table gives the highest and lowest temperature in Jackson for each day, together with the rainfall, as recorded by self-registering instruments kept at the Ledger office:

Date.	Temp L. H.	Rainfall	Date.	Temp L. H.	Rainfall
Feb. 1, 1908	34 60		Feb. 17	31 65	
2	41 46 60	.00	18	29 60	
3	40 60	.00	19	30 65	
4	36 60		20	30 65	
5	39 50 .02		21	36	
6	34 60		22		
7	32 64		23		
8	31 60		24		
9	31 60		25		
10	36 54 1.00		26		
11	33 65		27		
12	34 70		28		
13	29 72		29		
14	36 77		30		
15	30 60		31		
16	30 60				

Total rainfall for week, 1.00 inches
Total rainfall for season to date, 11.54 inches
To corresponding period last season 25.30 "

LOCAL NEWS

M. L. Smith Notary Public and Stenographer, Court St., Jackson, Telephone Black 413.

Mrs. Voorheis and Gilbert are making preparations to remove to Sonora, where they will have complete charge of the Victoria hotel. If possible they will dispose of the National hotel in this place, but should they be unable to do so, they will retain the management of this also, putting some one in charge here.

The first of the week Antonio Gazzero put in his application for naturalization. He came to this country in the latter part of 1901, coming almost directly to Amador county, and has resided here since that time.

John Knuckey and wife left Wednesday morning for Vancouver, British Columbia, with the intention of making their home there. Mrs. Knuckey's father, Rev. William Tison, formerly rector of the Episcopal church here, is pastor of a church in that city.

The Gollober Syndicate intend to close out the sale of boots, shoes and drygoods of the bankrupt stock of the McCutchen shoe store by the first week in March. They are offering goods cheaper than ever, preparatory to packing up the balance, and shipping elsewhere. This is the last opportunity to get bargains in this line assortment of goods.

E. Baker has been appointed temporary postmaster at Electra, pending the preliminary arrangements for his appointment as regular postmaster at that place.

J. F. Wilson, Dentist. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Phone—Office, black 444; residence, black 394; Jackson.

The season during which quail can be killed expired on last Saturday, the fifteenth. Since it opened a large number of hunting licenses have been issued by the county clerk.

With modern equipment and expert operators, we produce high grade work. Fancy ironing a specialty, silks, laces and flannels carefully laundered. Try our shirt work. No saw edges. Amador County Steam Laundry, Clarence E. Jarvis.

Miss Myrtle Hayford returned Wednesday evening from below with a large stock of new ideas for the jaunniest and nobbiest spring and summer hats and turbans. Watch the windows for new models.

Miss Myrtle Smith returned Wednesday evening from Oakland, where she had been visiting for a number of days previous.

Wm. J. McGee's law office is now in the Grant building, rooms 413 and 414, at the corner of 7th and Market. Tel. Market 79. N294

Treasurer Griffin went to Sacramento, where he will settle with the state treasurer.

Miss Grace Folger left here Wednesday morning, after spending almost a month with her mother. She went to Modesto, where she will visit with her uncle for a few days, after which she will return to Vallejo.

Dr. R. K. Belden of San Francisco, died the first part of this month in Europe, while touring in the foreign lands. He was associated with Dr. Aiken in the Climax mine above here.

Judge Rust and Wm. Going went to Sacramento yesterday and will be gone a few days.

The ladies' of the Catholic church intend to give an entertainment in Love's hall on St. Patrick's day, March 17, for the benefit of the church. Full particulars will be given hereafter.

Josiah Phillips has purchased twenty stamps from the Amador Queen mine near here, and will have them removed to his group of mines near Coulterville, Mariposa county.

Mrs. Coombs, of Bright's addition, went to Sacramento Wednesday morning, accompanying her brother, J. Knuckey and his wife to that city, who were en route to British Columbia.

From a private letter, we learn that K. W. Ketchum, formerly of Jackson, but now of Woodbridge, is enjoying excellent health, although over 81 years of age. Mrs. Ketchum, however, is said to be in feeble health.

George Archer, for many years a resident of this city, who after being missed for several years turned up at San Jose, has recently returned to that city, after being missed for several weeks.

"Enlisted for the War." February 25. Love's hall.

Last Friday evening the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church gave a social and entertainment in Odd Fellows' hall. Over one hundred persons were present, and enjoyed the evening by playing games and listening to the program that was rendered. The door receipts were \$48.60 from which the ladies cleared \$43.60.

Wm. J. McGee went to the city the latter part of last week on business.

William J. White, who was a few years back employed in one of the barber shops in this city, was married here last Tuesday to Miss M. J. Rawlings, formerly of Ione. Both were employed in a laundry in Stockton, and will make their home in that city. The groom has returned to Stockton, the bride will join him there in a few days.

Don't fail to see that thrilling war drama, "Enlisted for the War," on February 25th at Love's hall.

Frank Hewitt received a message yesterday conveying the sad news that his brother's wife, Mrs. Hattie Hewitt, died rather suddenly in Sacramento on Wednesday. The husband, William Hewitt, was here over a month ago visiting his brother. He left his wife in Sacramento, to which city she went from Texas to her health. Both she and her husband were engaged in the acrobatic business in connection with a traveling show. Expecting to become a mother, she repaired to the capital city. Wednesday she was suddenly seized with spasms and died in a few hours. Frank Hewitt left this morning to attend the funeral.

George Woolsey, the old time merchant of Ione, aged 69, and his sister-in-law, Mrs. R. Woolsey, aged 58 years of Ione, came to Jackson Tuesday, and were quietly wedded at the M. E. parsonage by the Rev. T. H. Nichols.

Word was received here a few days ago of the death in Tucson, Arizona, of Thomas Allen, who had been accidentally run down by a street car in that city. He was very deaf and it is supposed that he did not hear the going of the motorcar. The latter dropped the fender in time to pick the aged man up, and carry him along until the car could be stopped, to that he lived about a week after she accident. Mr. Allen was an aged man, being over ninety, and had lived in this county up to about six years ago, when his sister, Mrs. John Stockman, came up from Tucson, and took him back with her.

Wm. G. Snyder left this morning for Lurlock, Stanislaus county, where he has some business matters to attend to that will require his presence there for a few days.

C. L. Culbert was a passenger Sunday morning for San Francisco. He will return in a day or two.

Green & Katto purchased a fine black team this week from George Miller, who lives near Pine Grove.

A To-morrow afternoon the Ione high school boys will play the Sonora team a game of basket ball, while a team will come up from Santa Clara and will meet the girls. The I. & E. will give excursion rates, the trains leaving at their regular times.

Four Arrested On Arson Charge.

As a result of the burning of the Summit house hotel between Jackson and Sutter Creek, on the night of the fifth of this month, four men have been arrested and brought to the county jail here, all of them being charged with arson. Marco Borello was placed under arrest near the fire on the morning following it, while his brother, who conducted the place up to a short time ago, was arrested as he alighted from the train at Martell station, having come up from San Francisco on receiving news of the conflagration, probably doing this to allay suspicion. Domenico Manzo, whose nick name is Mago, and who is the one supposed to have started the fire was arrested at the Verdi saloon, 581 Green street San Francisco, at which place August Borello is a partner, the officers having traced him from the scene of the fire to this place. The other one arrested was C. Lepori, a wealthy member of the wholesale grocery and liquor firm, Bertin & Lepori, of San Francisco. He was arrested by sheriff Gregory on the morning of the fourteenth as he was leaving his home in Fruitvale for his place of business in the city. The sheriff brought his prisoner up the same day, meeting district attorney Vicini who had aided him in all the investigations.

The bonds of Lepori, M. Borello and Manzo were placed at \$10,000 each, but as yet only one of them has been able to secure the required amount, this one being Lepori, with A. Ginocchio, Wm. Tam, A. Piccardo E. Marre and V. Chichizola as sureties. The bond of August Borello has been placed at \$20,000, but he has been unable to secure it. Lepori returned to the city on Monday morning. A. Caminetti acted in the interest of the latter, while Cohen & Creely a law firm of Oakland and D. B. Spagnoli are the attorneys for the other three.

Bertin & Lepori Inc. of San Francisco had a lease on the hotel property from G. B. Vicini, the owner, and subrented to August Borello. The latter was the owner of the furniture, but mortgaged it to Bertin and Lepori for \$500, the mortgage having become due and unpaid. The insurance on the furniture amounted to \$1000. It was at least worth twice that amount, having been sufficient to furnish a large hotel. A short time ago the place was closed down on account of the slackness of business. It is reported that for some time Borello has been shipping furniture and the stock in the saloon to the city. Borello then went to the city and sent his brother up to look after things. Domenico Manzo was seen in Poinelli's saloon, just across the street from the hotel, about nine o'clock on the evening of the fire, but from that time he was not seen in that vicinity, but was tracked to Borello's saloon in San Francisco, and placed under arrest a few days after the fire.

The grand jury has been summoned and the case will be laid before them. Dr. Fred F. Sprague, wife and two children arrived last evening from Sonoma, and will make their residence in this city. Dr. Sprague has secured the practice of Dr. Phillips, who left this morning for Pas Robles. Dr. Phillips disposed of his residence on upper Main street to Lazaro Radovich, for a consideration of \$3000, who will rent it to Dr. Sprague. The latter purchased Dr. Phillips' horse and buggy.

Now is the time to get your painting and papering done, while we are in town. C. V. and M. L. Fournier, P. O. box 267.

Last Sunday three Italians rented a pole buggy from Green and Katto and drove to Amador. While returning the team became frightened at something and got beyond the control of the one driving. Somewhere near the sulphurets works they crashed into a telegraph pole, the horses breaking loose and running to Sutter Creek, where they were stopped. The buggy was badly damaged, but fortunately none of the occupants were injured.

The Italian Benevolent Society will meet on the first Monday in March, and among other things will discuss the plans for the regular Italian picnic, which the order is in the habit of giving annually.

The grand jury will meet Monday afternoon, at which time they will look into the causes of the Summit house fire.

BORN.

SANGUINETTI.—In Mokelumne-Hill, February 16, 1908, to the wife of Henry Sanguinetti, a son.

MARRIED.

WOOLSEY-WOOLSEY.—In Jackson, Feb. 18, 1908, by Rev. Thos. H. Nichols, George Woolsey and Mary Elizabeth Woolsey, both of Ione.

WHITE-RAWLINGS.—In Jackson, Feb. 18, 1908, by Rev. Thos. H. Nichols, William J. White and Martha J. Rawlings, both of Stockton.

DIED.

SHEETS.—At the county hospital in Jackson, Feb. 19, 1908, Joseph Sheets, aged 80 years, a native of Virginia, recently of Oleta.

HEWITT.—In Sacramento, February 19, 1908, Mrs. Hattie Hewitt, aged about 26 years.

Eleventh Body Reported Recovered

The latter part of last week the eleventh and last body of the men who lost their lives in the terrible fire at the Fremont mine near Drytown on November 29th, was recovered in the shaft at about the eight hundred level. Nothing was found with this body by which it could possibly be identified from the rest of those recovered. The bodies of each was held for a number of days for possible identification, but as yet only one has been identified, and this one only from a watch found with it and a belt. All the small articles are being kept for inspection.

It will be remembered that at the time of the fire one of the two Italians who escaped made the assertion that a man had been caught under the skip, which caused the latter to become jammed so that it could not be moved at all. They did not know but that more than one had been caught under it, but they were quite positive that one at least was very badly hurt. And now the eleventh man was found at the eight hundred level, all of them being found within little over one hundred feet of each other. Whether this last one found was the one caught by the skip, or that one was really caught, no one probably will ever know.

As soon as the skip became jammed Harry Osborne, foreman of the mine, jumped into the other skip and was lowered as far as the seven hundred level, when he was stopped by some one ringing the bell. Then he was hauled from below and told that the mine was on fire, and not to go any lower. In spite of this warning he started again to descend, but was rung up by one of the men below him. The men at that time could not have been very far below the seven hundred level according to Osborne's assertion. When he reached the surface he was almost unconscious. The Fremont had always been a downcast shaft, that is the air was going down that shaft and up the Gover, the two mines being connected through the six and thirteen hundred levels. But the action of the fire had created a draft up the Fremont, and at the time Osborne was lowered into the shaft had only begun to change. When his skip was raised, it caused a suction, drawing the smoke with it. The men had only time to climb about fifty feet, more or less, before the gases had overcome them. The flames probably did not reach them for some time, as this part of the mine was not so badly damaged from the fire.

Later.

There seems to be a doubt as to the recovery of the last body. Bones of what was thought to be the last victim were found about the 800 level. It seems, however, that ten skulls or portions have been recovered, so there is no doubt that number of bodies have been taken out. The eleventh skull has not been found, and indeed, all the remains so far recovered might be those of the ten men.

The disaster occurred between the 1050 and 1150 stations. And the report of the two survivors was to the effect that one man was pinioned by the skip, and begging to be released, his cries indicating that he was badly if not fatally hurt. This could hardly be the case if portions of eleven men have been found over 250 feet above the point where the cage got jammed; unless his fellow workmen tarried to extricate him from his predicament, and even then it is improbable that he would be able to ascend the shaft that distance with the others, if in anyway disabled.

This point will not be cleared up until the shaft is cleared to the point where the skip was jammed. It is thought likely that the last man will be found where he was caught in the shaft. Below the 900 level the shaft is caved badly, and it will require considerable time to get down to the skip.

One thing is evident; the victims so far found, were endeavoring to save themselves by climbing to the top of the shaft. They labored under the impression that being the nearest point of exit from the burning mine, it was therefore the most available and safest. The two who succeeded in getting out, took the course of escaping from the smoke and gases by getting into the nearest drift, and then climbed into another drift, which directly connected with the Gover shaft. When the draft was changed in the Fremont shaft to the up current, of course that outlet was at once filled with suffocating smoke, and in a short time into a furnace. Probably the fleeing miners mounted to the point where their remains were discovered in less than three minutes. But in that brief space the smoke and flames had acquired a death-dealing power, and they perished in spite of their heroic fight for life.

It is more than probable that had they taken the course of the last two that emerged from the cage, and sought refuge in the first drift, they too would have succeeded in escaping a

terrible death.

The remains of nine bodies, all unidentified, were buried at Plymouth on Sunday last, a large number attending not only from the vicinity of the mine but from all parts of the county. One body, that of Dushan Skero, the only one that could be identified by articles found by the remains, was buried in the Greek Orthodox church cemetery two weeks ago, the victim being a member of that church.

One of the victims, an Italian, was a member of the Italian benevolent society, and the order allows \$75 for funeral expenses, but in the absence of identification the order could not take charge of the ceremonies.

According to reports the man who was caught by the skip was an Austrian miner. This matter cannot be cleared up until the shaft is cleared of debris to the point where the skip became jammed.

That Petition.

The turning down of the petition requesting the city trustees to call a special election to vote on the question of disincorporation has been the principal topic of conversation during the past week. The action of the trustees fairly staggered the people in several respects. The refusal to place on record, or to reveal the names of those on the petition who were counted out or counted off, is a peculiar action. Fancy, officials, supposedly acting not for themselves, but for those who elected them, declining to tell their constituents what they did in their official capacity. Was it not an extreme case of "The people be d-d." Then again the solicitation of persons to sign a written statement requesting their names to be withdrawn is an unheard of proceeding. There are various stories afloat in regard to the modus operandi of this matter, none of them very flattering to the authorities.

An analysis of the standing of those on the petition shows that considerably over \$100,000 of taxable property was directly represented by the petitioners. Adding to this, the citizens thereon who represented non-voters, such as women property holders, and it would be swelled to \$200,000. A great deal of taxable property is represented by corporation, which are not represented in the electoral roll, also by absentee property holders. So it may be safely asserted that not only was one-half of the qualified voters thereon, but fully that proportion of the city's wealth was represented, as far as it could be so represented on a petition of that nature. We doubt whether a petition on the opposite side of this issue could be gotten up with anything like the number of voters, or taxable property represented as that which was cast aside without due consideration.

A Dry Winter.

The season continues a remarkably dry one, for this section. The rainfall although far below the average, has been so distributed that agriculture interests have not suffered to any extent. Indeed, it is better than an exceedingly wet winter like the last one, providing we have good spring rains. But the snowfall in the mountains to the east has been unusually light, so that the stored water for the supply of power and water for the mines during the summer months promises to be short, unless heavy snowstorms occur in the high mountains soon. The snowfall in the late spring months is not packed into hard ice, as the earlier falls, and hence speedily disappears with the advent of warm rains. The rainfall to date this season measures 11.84 inches, against 25.39 inches for the same period last year. For the season 1904-5 up to the first of February, the rainfall was 15.79 inches, and for 1905-6 13.52 inches.

SUPERIOR COURT PROCEEDINGS

HON. R. C. RUST, JUDGE.

Estate of Catherine McCormick.—Continued until Feb. 24.

Estate of Pete Vukasovich.—Order granting whole of estate to the widow, Nana Vukasovich. Estate consists of a portion of lot 17 block 1 Sutter Creek, and household goods, all valued at about \$1000. Nana Vukasovich was appointed administratrix on Feb. 26, 1907.

Estate of Frank A. Voorheis.—Petitioner for probate of will filed, Martha J. Voorheis petitioner. The deceased left an estate consisting of personal property, and a leasehold interest in the National hotel in Jackson, personal property consisting of mining and other stock, all furniture, fixtures and stock in trade, all not exceeding \$10,000 in value. Besides the widow Martha J. Voorheis, the deceased left one son, Gilbert.

Estate of Eliza McDonald.—Petition for letters of administration, W. McDonald. The heirs named are W. McDonald, Charles McDonald and Mrs. Jennie Stewart. The estate consists of note of \$1000, \$500 on deposit in People's Savings Bank, Sacramento, the whole estate not exceeding \$10,000 in value. Feb. 24 set for hearing.

In the matter of impaneling a grand jury.—Following named persons were drawn from jury box: Jas. Meehan, Fred Werner, R. W. Barnett, James Cook, M. L. Ford, C. A. Stirnman, Alexander Orr, L. H. Cook, J. D. Mason, V. J. Chichizola, M. Glavich, A. Ginocchio, Geo. Lucot, J. Newman, Wm. Hanley, A. B. McLaughlin, Geo. A. Upton, W. A. Bennetts, T. A. Chichizola, D. T. Kerr, E. S. Barney, C. R. Downs, A. J. Bonham, John A. Phipps, P. I. Jonas, Frank Soracco.

M. Butler vs. Wm. Phillips and Jasper Phillips.—Motion to renew motion for dismissal denied. Motion for judgment denied. Trial continued until some date to be hereafter set.

T. Clauson vs. Wm. Phillips and Jasper Phillips.—Motion to dismiss denied. Motion for judgment denied. Matter continued.

Talk of New Bank For Sutter Creek.

There is an agitation on foot to organize a new bank for Sutter Creek, and there is considerable discussion going on as to its complexion. The fact that a new financial institution is talked of, carries the idea that the residents of our sister town do not have much faith in the bank resuming business. The thirty days closure will expire in a few days, and probably something definite will be known by that time. The Amador county bank, is proposing to increase its capital stock to \$100,000, and there is a movement afoot to start a bank in Sutter Creek, in fact, that the increase of capital is based largely on that proposition. The matter has been discussed in that town, and has met with some favor. On the other hand, others want a purely local bank, supported with local capital. Herein lies the question in issue. There is little doubt that Sutter Creek, will have a bank, whether the old one is resuscitated or not, but whether it will be a branch of another bank or an exclusively local concern is yet undetermined.

Unclaimed Letters.

Corodova Brown, A. Cavagno, Pete Dzvrko, Stefano Giovanetti, R. B. Jones, Frank Lapout, Eliza Macchiavelli, Orri Vittorio (3), Achille Pisoni, Troi Santo, Ulija Jeperovich, Veschi Enrico, D. Ramorino (paper).

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$2.50

STOCKTON PRICES

On Groceries

Raisins, best, 2 packages	-	-	-	-	0.25
Currants, best, 2 packages	-	-	-	-	.25
Citron peel, per pound	-	-	-	-	.20
50 pound sack Flour	-	-	-	-	1.35
Cranberries, per quart	-	-	-	-	.10
Maple Syrup, pint can	-	-	-	-	.20
Canned Corn, 3 cans	-	-	-	-	.25
5 Pound Package Mush	-	-	-	-	.25
Golden Drip Syrup, per gallon	-	-	-	-	.60
Imperial Olive Oil	-	-	-	-	.60

SEND FOR CATALOG and get other pointers.

ROSSI BROS., GROCERS

Cor. Market & Pilgrim Sts.

Stockton, Cal

Mention this ad when writing

The Rescued From The Wreck.

Wild the winter's night and dreary,
Thro' the cold and driving sleet
Gleams the church's welcome ease-
ment, in the quaint old village
street.
Few the worshippers, but fervent will
the prayers of each one be,
As we pray, in reverence kneeling,
for our brethren on the sea.

There are prayers which be self-loving,
and which raise us not, I trow;
But this agonized petition hath a
different meaning now.

For a sob breaks through the praying,
as we call, oh God, on Thee—
Now to aid our absent brothers, our
beloved, on the sea.

Hush the preacher halts, and slowly
rings his voice in heart and
brain,

Whilst the wild wind shakes the lat-
tice of the ancient window pane.
And he says, "Thy voice, oh, Saviour!
stilled the waves of Galilee,
Thou art powerful still to succor
these, our dear ones on the sea."

Then he lifts his hands in blessing,
but his voice is hoarse and low,
For he knows too well, the parson,
that full many a man must go
O'er the waste of tossing water, and—
"God speed them all!" saith he;
"Those who man the lifeboat, fear-
less of the fierce jaws of the sea."

Ah! those weather-beaten faces, will
they once again return?
Shall we feel the loving hand-clasp for
the which each heart doth yearn,
Or shall ocean claim them swiftly, as
its dear and deadly fee,
For its storm clouds and its tempest!
Ah! the sorrow of the sea.

There are wives and mothers waiting
on the sweet old English shore,
Will they never greet their loved
ones, as in sunny days of yore?
There are little children praying,
whilst their eyes droop heavily,
"Jesu, guard the sailors tossing on
the dark and angry sea."

"Man the lifeboat." List the calling!
See, they pull with might and
main,

And thy shout a brave defiance to the
seething hurricane—
There are saints in heaven, dear
Father, let Thy saints on earth
praise Thee,
For the mercy of deliv'rance from
that foaming, awful sea!

See, the moon gleams through a cloud
rift, and beneath, the bare masts
gleam
Like the human arms uplifted, and
the sea-gulls' horrid scream
Sounds above it like the shrieking of
some demon's revelry,
But an angel guides the lifeboat. It
bath baulked the hungry sea!
—Frances Hurrell.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted.—Would like to hear at
once from owner having good medium
size farm or small business for sale
in any good prosperous locality.
Please give price and description and
reason for selling. State when
possession can be had. No agents
need reply. Address Lock Drawer
984, Rochester, N. Y.

Threw up His Job.

A janitor of a school threw up his
job. When asked the trouble, he
said: "I'm honest, and I won't stand
being slurred. If I find a pencil or
handkerchief about the school when
I'm sweeping I hang or put it up.
Every little while the teacher, or
some one who is too cowardly to face
me, will give me a slur. A little
while ago I seen wrote on the board,
'Find the least common multiple.'
Well I looked from cellar to garret
for that thing, and I wouldn't know
the thing if I would meet it on the
street. Last night, in big writin' on
the blackboard it said, 'Find the
greatest common divisor?' Well, I
says to myself, both of them things
are lost now; and I'll be accuse of
takin' 'em so I'll quit" and he did.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo,
Lucas County.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is
senior partner of the firm of F. J.
Cheney & Co. doing business in the city
of Toledo, county and state aforesaid,
and that said firm will pay the sum of
One Hundred Dollars for each and
every case of Catarrh that cannot be
cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh
Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in
my presence, this 6th day of December
A. D. 1886.

A. W. Gleason,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken inter-
nally, and acts directly on the blood and
mucous surfaces of the system.
Send for testimonials free.
F. J. Cheney & Co.; Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.
Take Hall's Family Pills for consti-
pation.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

THE PRICE OF A MANUSCRIPT.

(From the High School Nugget.)

Bessie threw down her pen, drew
herself back in her chair and scanned
the paper before her, with a deep,
troubled look, although she seemed
to ask herself why her conscience
smote her so. Then she calmed her-
self by saying half aloud, "Ethel has
the money, I have the brains and
need the money to make father com-
fortable. I never could gain the ad-
miration of the people like Ethel.
Why not let her have the fame?"
Bessie was not overly beautiful, but
her fine dark hair waving back from
the high white forehead, and her
quick witty conversation made her
attractive to all who met her.

In a few minutes Ethel Vance would
call for the paper that she was to read
as her own production at the weekly
meeting of her club. Ethel was
gifted with a beauty that from the
slender arched foot to the crown of
her dainty head was without a fault,
furthermore she had a father worth
millions, that enabled her to buy the
work of Bessie's brains.

Soon Ethel came in, threw off her
costly furs, and the two girls sitting
side by side went over the paper.
Then as Miss Vance read and re-read
the paper, Bessie's eyes swept over
the rich and beautiful clothing of
Ethel, and her eyes filled with a wist-
ful look of great longing. Until a
month ago Bessie would have been
contented with her cheap ready-made
suits, but her chance meeting with
Mark Gleason made her wish to appear
as beautiful as Ethel. Little did she
dream Mark admired brains, spelled
with big letters, much more than he
did a beautiful and attractive per-
sonal appearance.

One afternoon a few days later
Ethel burst into Bessie's room, and
breathlessly gasped, "Bess, that was
the best paper you have ever written
for me, everyone made such a fuss
over it"—here she seemed to pause
for breath, and slightly hesitated
before going on, then started off in
her light, daring way again—"But the
best of all was that Mr. Gleason, the
famous illustrator and artist, was pre-
sent to hear me, and he pronounced
my paper the best one read."

Bessie's face lighted, but Ethel
rushed on, "He says if I would
write a good novel, it would be a
pleasure for him to illustrate it.
He also said if there was anything he
admired in a woman it was brains."

All through this one-sided conver-
sation Bessie sat calm and still,
although her thoughts were with the
book she had just finished, and on
which she had placed so much hope.
Again Ethel went on, "When I was
here the other day, I heard you say
something about a novel you had
just finished. Is it ready to be pub-
lished, and how much do you
expect to receive for it?" Bessie
mustered together all her will power
in order to appear calm, and an-
swered, "I am preparing to send the
manuscript to a publisher this after-
noon, and I hoped to receive about
five hundred for it." Such a mode of
price seemed to strike Ethel with
horror. "Five hundred, why say
dear girl, if you would sell it to me
to publish as my own, I would pay
three times that price for it."

Bessie did not answer, but looked
at Ethel as though she were trying
to picture fifteen hundred dollars.
Miss Vance soon left, saying she
would call in the morning for
Bessie's decision.
All night long as Bessie sat by the
bedside of her father, her brain was
in a turmoil of thoughts. First she
thought of herself, if Mark admired
Ethel so for her work, would he not
admire her also. Then the differ-
ence between the two amounts flash-
ed on her again, and how much she
could do for her father. For only
that morning the doctor had pro-
nounced his days to be numbered
unless that winter could be spent in
the South. Again and again she com-
pared her fame with the good the
extra money would do for her father.
Finally a call from his feeble lips
brought her to his bedside, and as she
gazed at the pale, wan face she made
her decision.

Next morning Ethel drove up in
front of Bessie's, stepped from her
carriage and entered the house. In
a few moments she came out carrying
the bulky manuscript in her hand,
while Bessie sat in her room looking
sadly at a new crisp check, the pay-
ment for the work of her brains—her
birthright.

About two weeks later, while in
the midst of the preparations for
her father's departure to Florida,
Bessie picked up the morning paper
and glanced through it. Finally her
eyes saw the announcement of the
engagement of Miss Ethel Vance to
Mark Gleason. For a moment a few
bright tears glistened in her eyes,
then her face assumed a hard, inde-
finable look.

As her father daily improved under
the warm, blue skies of Florida, and
she saw how happy her mother was
over his improvement, Bessie felt
her sacrifice had not been in vain.

PIONEER FLOUR always has been
and still is the best.

Arabian Hypocrisy.

Writes a traveler: "The noblest and
the basest Arabs are agreed that to
obtain as quickly as possible all the
available cash they can lay their hands
on is by no means degrading. But
even here subtle dialectic comes into
play. The Arab must always have
right on his side, for in studied and
complex hypocrisy he has nothing to
learn from us. If an Arab would
rob his guest—I am speaking from per-
sonal experience—he will first talk at
length on the subject of honor, hospi-
tality, and so forth. He will gradually
work the matter round as to why you
are traveling, throw out suggestions
that spies, enemies and intruders can-
not claim hospitality, suggest that he
himself is poor, question himself as to
whether he ought not to detain you as a
prisoner, again state that he is in
want, and thus shift from blackmail
to cajolery and from gentle requests
to threats, until he has extorted a
sum of money which in his curious
brain he might describe as the least he
could accept with honor or the most he
could extract without danger to himself."

The Spanish Galleon.

Primarily, the galleon was but a
peaceful merchant ship, but by the
irony of fate she became, almost from
her inception, a center of the fiercest
fighting. Square rigged and high of
stem and stern, broad of bow and low
of waist, with massive bulwarks and
forecastle, and poop three and four
decks high, she possessed a picturesque
appearance, but little of sensible naval
architecture. The stem was clumsy,
broad and blunt and smashed heavily
through the waves to the great detri-
ment of speed. This and the towering
stern presented such a surface to the
wind that the difficulties of steering
were quite formidable, and six or eight
men at the wheel were not unusual.
The method in this apparent madness
of marine construction was the land-
lubber's instinct, still strong in men of
the sea of those days, to reduce all
naval maneuvers to the stand up and
knock down tactics of the land fight on
a common platform.—John C. Fitzpat-
rick in Scribner's.

Bluffed the Parson.

The former Lord Elphinstone's pa-
rish minister was a very scatter brain-
ed theologian and in his sermons of-
ten knew not the end from the be-
ginning. One Sunday his lordship, in
his customary sleeping, gave vent to an
unmistakable snore. This was too
much for the minister, who stopped
and cried, "Waken, my Lord Elphinstone!"

A grunt followed, and then his lord-
ship answered, "I'm no sleepin', minis-
ter."

"But ye are sleepin'. I wager ye
dinna ken what I said last," exclaimed
the pastor.

"Ou, aye," returned the peer. "Ye
said, 'Waken, my Lord Elphinstone.'"

"Aye, aye," said the minister. "But
I wager ye dinna ken what I said last
afore that."

"Tuts," replied the nobleman prompt-
ly. "I'll wager ye dinna ken yer-
sel'."—Dundee Advertiser.

Instead of Cutting Corks.

After withdrawing a cork from a
bottle the former rapidly expands, and
when one wishes to replace it one fre-
quently finds that it has become too
large for the purpose. The usual reme-
dy in such cases is to pare pieces off
the side. This, however, is seldom sat-
isfactory, for the cork, as a rule, is far
from airtight, and in some cases will
not even keep the liquid in. A better
way is to place it on the floor and roll
it backward and forward with one's
foot, putting a certain amount of pres-
sure on it. After a few minutes of this
persuasive treatment it will have be-
come fairly soft and can be inserted in
the bottle without difficulty.

A Rare Complaint.

"Isn't it strange," asks the first man,
"that so many men, after years of
ruthless commercial practices, piracies
one might almost say, after they have
climbed to the very pinnacle of suc-
cess, should have softening of the
brain?"

"It would be stranger yet, infinitely
stranger," replied the man with the
corrugated brow, "if any of them
ever had softening of the heart."—
Puck.

Sex and Beauty.

Why are men better looking than
women? It is a problem which must
perplex and pique modern women, for
taking them in the aggregate men now-
adays leave women behind in point of
personal beauty.—London Gentlewoman.

Never Before.

First Lecturer—I've a great story to
tell you—one you never heard me tell
before. Second Lecturer—Is it a real-
ly good story? First Lecturer—It cer-
tainly is—one of the best. Second Lec-
turer—Then I'm sure you never told it
before.—Lyceumite and Talent.

One Way to Be Happy.

The only way to be happy is to take
every loaf of bread at its face value
and every pound of butter for sixteen
ounces, for the sure road to discontent
is to inquire more closely into such
occult matters.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Why Marriage Failed.

"Have the Timberlines separated?"
"Yes, I understand she has left him."
"Why?"
"She married his job and he lost the
job."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Those who are compelled by us hate
us as if despoiled of something, while
those who are persuaded by us love us
as if they had received a favor.—
Xenophon's "Anabasis."

Cured by a Typewriter.

Constant companionship with a type-
writing machine has a soothing and
elevating influence on a man. No hard
drinker, for instance, can use a type-
writer. His nerves must be in good
order or he will strike the wrong let-
ters and mangle up his copy. There
is a case of this kind which led to the
reformation of a man. He was a type-
writer and stenographer for a law firm.
He was a good all around man, but
he would go on the spree occasionally.
This the head of the firm did not like,
so he thought he would teach him a
lesson. The stenographer was a meth-
odical man, and he went on the
"skate" at stated times in the year.
When he returned on one occasion his
employer had the machine all fixed for
him. He had had the letters changed
so that when you struck "h," for in-
stance, it would print "x," and so on.
The stenographer came back feeling
rather shaky, anyhow, and when he
wrote off his first letter the result was
appalling. He began to tremble. The
boss kindly sent him to the Adiron-
dacks to brace up. The cure was com-
plete. He never touched liquor again
as long as he lived.—Brooklyn Citizen.

Norway Superstitions.

So drenched is Norway with old leg-
ends and fairy tales and a pervasive
intimacy with the supernatural that it
is impossible to understand Norwegian
character, especially as expressed in
Norwegian art, without some compre-
hension of the spirit world, for the
world of the sailors and fishers of the
white northland, the world of the peas-
ants and simple country folk, is in-
habited by savage, wicked elves and
spirits. Everything is controlled by
its own demon, who must be propitiated
if life is to go smoothly. Even the
weather is controlled by various dem-
ons, and the canny Finns, with their
pretensions of magical power, have
reaped a rich harvest from the super-
stitious Norwegians, many of whom
still buy fair weather from the Gan-
Finn by the sackful. Whoever has
known a Norwegian fisherman has
heard of the Draug, that demon of the
sea who rides in half a boat and who
is a warning of swift and awful death.
—Jonas Lie in Craftsman.

Woman's Hour of Distress.

"One of the most distressing experi-
ences for us women," announced Betti-
na, with a toss of her pretty head, "is
to be brought face to face with the
same kind of gowns or hats as those
we happen to be wearing. Really, I
can't think of anything more exasper-
ating. All topped out in my new finery
I boarded a Broadway car the other
day. Can you believe it? When I sat
down I saw opposite me a woman
whose dress was of the same material
and made up in much the same way as
mine, and her hat was modeled on
mine or mine on hers—not that it made
much difference. The horror in her
eyes reflected in my own, I suppose,
and the smiles of everybody else—well,
I just knew how people looked. As
soon as I recovered from my first feel-
ing of weakness I started to leave the
car, but, to make matters worse, my
vis-a-vis, having the same intentions,
got up at the same moment. Then
smiles became laughter, and we both
fled."—New York Press.

A Conservative Speech.

There were some doubts in the com-
munity as to Homer Floyd's fitness for
a position on the school board, owing
to certain lapses in his early education,
but his first speech in his official ca-
pacity silenced the tongues of all crit-
ics. He listened to several recitations
with a grave and interested air, and
at the end of the last one he arose to
address the school "by request."

"Some things are in my province as
member of the school board and some
are not," he said, with a genial smile.
"It's within my province to say that I
never heard scholars answer up more
promptly than you children of district
No. 3. As to whether your answers
were or were not correct it is not my
place to say. Your teacher knows, and
in her hands I leave the matter."—
Youth's Companion.

A Very Dirty Collar.

Sue Moon, a Chinaman, was brought
before the Melbourne magistrates the
other day charged with having work-
ed after 2 o'clock on a Saturday after-
noon, contrary to the provisions of the
local factories act. He pleaded that
he had washed only one collar after
the statutory closing time.

"What! Only one collar from 2 to 8
o'clock?" exclaimed the chairman.
"Him welly dirty collar," rejoined
Sue Moon.

This defense was deemed too thin,
and Sue was fined \$2.50. After paying
he remarked, "Fackly act make China-
man welly lazy fellow."

The True Bohemian.

The main characteristic of the bo-
hemian is a perfectly consistent care-
lessness. Phil May was a true type
of the bohemian; so was the Shifter;
so was O'Shea; Wallis Mackay also,
but not, perhaps, William, his brilliant
brother. The bohemian never works
unless he feels in the mood. Money is
not his incentive. Fame he laughs at.
—Mammon.

Gossip.

"It is a pity that there are so many
people who tell falsehoods."
"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne, "but
think how much worse it would be if
we had to accept all the gossip we hear
as positively true."—Washington Star.

Attractive.

Rival—What a color Miss Smythe
has tonight. I wonder if she paints.
Adorer (turning wistful eyes toward
the central figure of an admiring circle)
—I don't know. She certainly draws
well.

McCALL
Bazaar Patterns

L. J. Glavinovich

LEADING GROCERY STORE

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS,
SHOES, TOILET ARTICLES,
HARDWARE, MINERS' SUP-
PLIES, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.

Cor. Main & Court Streets
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SIERRA HOSPITAL & SANITARIUM

Near MARTELL STATION, Cal.

Delightful climate, pleasantly situated, and easy of access.
Open for the treatment of all surgical and medical cases, except
contagious and mental diseases. Fully equipped with all modern ap-
pliances, including X-Ray Outfit, Hot-Air Baths, etc.
Any reputable physician is at liberty to bring cases to the in-
stitution, under his own exclusive treatment and supervision.
Trained nurses in attendance. Terms reasonable.

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Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal, Lamb, Hams,
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At lowest market prices. - - - Orders promptly delivered.

50 YEARS THE STANDARD.

In all that time there has not
been any Flour put out that
gives the satisfaction that
PIONEER FLOUR does.

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PIONEER FLOUR MILLS, SACRAMENTO

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The Webb Store Building

35x80 feet, either as a whole or
in two separate Stores. The
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Suitable for any merchandi-
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Fifth circuit.....Edward W. White
Sixth circuit.....John M. Harlan
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Eight circuit.....David J. Brewer
Ninth circuit.....Joseph McKenna

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(Pacific States and Territories)

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Circuit judge.....Eskire M. Ross
Circuit judge.....William B. Gilbert
U. S. Commissioner for Amador county.....Richard Webb

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Treasurer.....Wm. R. Williams
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Associate Justice.....F. W. Henshaw
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[Sacramento]

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Township No. 3.....T. C. McKenna
Township No. 4.....T. S. Tuttle
Township No. 5.....N. E. Wheeler

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY

Reported weekly for the Ledger.

Japanese Pills, Powders and Plasters.

—Electricity in the War with Rats.
—Restoring Mummies.—Progress in Nitrogen Fixing.—X-Ray Burns Prevented.—Electrolytic Casein.—A New Kind of Bone Fracture.—The Running Cure.

The land of patent medicines seems to be Japan—not the United States. The remarkable report of British Consul W. M. Boyd shows that the industry had its origin in the town of Toyama, on the west coast, and that Prince Seiko Maeda, born in 1649, is specially honored as its chief patron. While Daymo of the province, his making of medicines for the poor attracted such attention that in 1682 Bandai Jokan, a physician of Katakami, brought a supply of Han-Gon-Tan ("medicine that calls back the dead to life"). This was distributed from door to door, and for that time has been a popular remedy. The industry took root and flourished. Medicines were distributed in the last century by thousands of agents, who made collections once a year, taking back unused supplies. In 1904 there were 3102 licensed patent medicine manufacturers, authorized to make 9735 different preparations, and their total annual product was nearly \$6,000,000. The medicines—none being in liquid form—are usually given suggestive names, like "brain-healing pills" and "heal-everything powders." Toyama has a special guild for loaning capital, a dealers' club of 3,000 members, a patent medicine school, and a patent medicine magazine.

The electric rat-killer of A. F. von Biederheim, claimed to have been doing effective work in a factory at Trieste, is designed for lowering into drains or other infested places, and consists of a shallow tray with a bottom lined with closely spaced metal points alternately connected to the positive and negative terminals of a high-tension electric circuit. The animals are promptly electrocuted as they step on the points in attempting to reach the bait. The apparatus destroys only rats and similar vermin, and it is affirmed that there is no risk to cats and other domestic animals. To restore to natural plumpness and appearance the shrunken features of mummies of the Peruvians and cliff-dwellers, and even of the ancient Pharaohs themselves, seems to be now possible. Noticing the swelling in potash solution of embryos previously shrunken in alcohol, Prof. H. H. Wilder, the zoologist of Northampton, Mass., was led to experiment with mummified human corpses, and has obtained really remarkable and surprising results by soaking the dried tissue in a solution of one-third of one per cent of caustic potash for 12 to 48 hours, and then immersing in water for a certain time. Care is necessary, as too long soaking in either liquid tends to disintegration. In a Peruvian mummy, the natural consistency of the tissues and even to some extent the color of the skin were brought out very strikingly, and heads of infant cliff dwellers, that had been dried in the sun without embalming substance, were so changed that unrecognizable parts of the face became as distinct as in life. Eczema was even made evident on the hairy skin of one child.

In fixing atmospheric nitrogen by forming nitric acid, the electric spark method proved too difficult and costly, and it was the improved process of Birkeland and Eyde, using a "flaming disc," that first became a commercial success. An improved flaming disc method is now claimed by I. Muscicki and others, of Fribourg, Switzerland. Two concentric ring electrodes are used, and the arc passes across the space between them in a radial direction, and is so deflected by a magnet that the discharges travel around the rings in a rapidly moving zigzag, showing as a luminous circle between the two ring electrodes. The nitrogen and oxygen of the air are united by these discharges more efficiently and economically, it is claimed, than by any other method.

A shield, consisting of a sheet of silver foil covered with cellulose, has been found by Prof. R. von Jacksch, of Vienna, to protect the skin from the burning so common in using X-rays, while it does not interfere with the usual examinations by means of these rays.

Even casein separation from milk is accomplished by electrical methods. In the new process of M. Gateau, a Parisian, the skimmed milk is first heated to 80 degrees C., and is then

poured into a large tank, where it immerses a porous pot charged with a five per cent solution of caustic soda. An iron cathode dips into the solution and a carbon anode into the milk, the two being separated about four inches. On passing a suitable current, phosphoric acid is set free in the milk, causing the casein to precipitate, and the entire amount of casein in 26.5 gallons of milk can be secured in twenty minutes with a current of 160 amperes at 11 volts. The time can be shortened one-half, and a larger and purer product obtained, if when from a previous electrolytic separation can be used for charging the porous pot.

New occupations and recreations are known to have developed a variety of new diseases and now De Forest, a French surgeon, has called attention to a form of accident peculiar to those who use motor-boats. The machinery often starts suddenly and rapidly after a hitch in its working, at which time the handle of the heavy balance wheel is very liable to strike the operator before he can get out of the way. The result is usually a fracture of the bones of fingers, wrist or forearm, sometimes of the leg, and the blow is so sudden and violent that the breaks are quite unlike those from falls or other ordinary accidents, more resembling those from large caliber projectiles without the penetrating effects. The bone fractures at the point of impact instead of at its weakest part.

"Dromotherapy," just added by French physician to the rapidly growing list of "cures," is a systematic running exercise, beginning with a slow pace and gradually increasing with the patient's training. The treatment, already tried upon about 200 patients with great success, is specially recommended for persons who are weak and invalids without having any organic disease.

Pioneer flour is the best; have no other.



Handed Down From Father to Son.
In thousands of families, all over the land, Schenck's Mandrake Pills have, through three generations, given proof of, not only their curative properties, but also their Purity and Safety.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
Plain and Sugar Coated, for Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Jaundice, Heartburn, Flatulency and Malaria. They "Live the Liver".
DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills are For Sale Everywhere 25 cents a box or by mail.

Special Small Ads.

Advertisements under this head, not exceeding 5 lines, will be inserted at 50c per month, or 5 cents per line for less than one month.

ALL kinds of Blanks for U. S. Land Filings—Homestead, Timber and Mineral blanks—may be had at the Ledger office; also deeds, mortgages, mining locations, proof of labor and other legal blanks kept for sale.

Mining Signals on cloth, required to be posted in all mines, for sale at the Ledger office.

For Sale—Lot of benches, formerly used in Webb hall; 6 and 8 feet long; suitable for show place, churches, etc. Will be sold cheap; apply at Ledger office.

Acknowledgment blanks for notaries, specially printed for Amador county, may be had at the Ledger office. Price 50c per packet of 50.

Copies of the license ordinance of the City of Jackson in pamphlet form may be had at the Ledger office; price 15c. each.

For Sale or Rent.—The Johns house and lot opposite skating rink on Broadway street, Jackson. Inquire of Wm. G. Snyder, Jackson, Cal.

For Sale—Sam Loree ranch, 120 acres, small house, barn, orchard, vineyard, eight miles above Sutter Creek. Wm. J. McGee.

Cheap for cash.—One gentle mare with harness complete, and light spring wagon. Apply at E. S. Pitois, Jackson.

For Rent—Two front rooms in the Webb hall building, suitable for offices. Apply at Ledger office.

Furnished Rooms to let; inquire at Ledger office.

FOR SALE—Horse and Buggy.—Mare 7 years old, gentle and reliable in every way, perfectly sound, weight about 1200 pounds, thoroughly broken to single or double harness and saddle. Also good top buggy and single harness. An opportunity to secure a first class rig cheap. Inquire of Pete Podesta, Enterprise Stable, Jackson, Cal. 12-6 tr

A Crisis and a Craze.

There are two forces which cause modern England to move—a crisis and a craze. It is far less necessary to do something that is great now in this country than it is to do something that will attract the attention of a great many. The circumstances might have had a curious effect on the celebrated of the past could they have delayed existing until now. For instance, Shakespeare today would probably have had to attempt to swim the channel to sustain the attention of playgoers. Cromwell might have found it advisable to take trips in a "navigable balloon" to keep himself before the general public, Garlick might have elected to descend from the skies in a parachute to advertise himself satisfactorily, and it might have been necessary for the beautiful Duchess of Devonshire, to maintain her social reputation, to figure occasionally in the divorce court. Motor accidents, thefts of jewelry and of other property, fires and civil and criminal actions are, of course, more important elements in the building up and maintaining of a "reputation" among us now than is mere excellence.—London Truth.

Explosion by Music.

One of the most dangerous of all explosives is a black powder called iodide of nitrogen. When it is dry the slightest touch will often cause it to explode with great violence. There appears to be a certain rate of vibration which this compound cannot resist. In experiments to determine the cause of its extreme explosiveness some damp iodide of nitrogen was rubbed on the strings of a bass viol. It is known that the strings of such an instrument will vibrate when those of a similar instrument having an equal tension are played upon. In this case, after the explosive had become thoroughly dry upon the strings, another bass viol was brought near and the strings sounded. At a certain note the iodide of nitrogen on the prepared instrument exploded. It was found that the explosion occurred only when a rate of vibration of sixty a second was communicated to the prepared strings. Vibration of the G string caused an explosion, while that of the E string had no effect.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Everything in Proportion.

For many weeks the irritable merchant had been riveted to his bed by typhoid fever. Now he was convalescing. He clamored for something to eat, declaring that he was starving. "Tomorrow you may have something to eat," promised the doctor. The merchant realized that there would be a restraint to his appetite, yet he saw in vision a modest steaming meal placed at his bedside.

"Here is your dinner," said the nurse next day as she gave the glowering patient a spoonful of tapioca pudding, "and the doctor emphasizes that everything else you do must be in the same proportion."

Two hours later the nurse heard a frantic call from the bedchamber. "Nurse," breathed the man heavily, "I want to do some reading. Bring me a postage stamp."—Harper's Weekly.

Force of a Cyclone.

Careful estimate of the force of a cyclone and the energy required to break a hurricane in active operation reveals the presence of a power that makes the mightiest efforts of man appear as nothing in comparison. A force equal to more than 400,000,000 horsepower was estimated as developed in a West Indian cyclone. This greatly exceeds the power that could be developed by all the means within the range of man's capabilities. Were steam, water, windmills and the strength of all men and animals combined they could not even approach the tremendous force of this mighty power.—Chicago Journal.

Word Derivations.

"Disaster" is an astrological term meaning "unfavorable star," one of the many words that astrology has bequeathed to the English language. "Predominant," "ill starred," "in the ascendant," are other instances, not to speak of the expression "My stars!" Even "influence" is really astrological, signifying the flowing in upon human affairs of the power of some heavenly body. "Petrol" and "petrol" both descend from "petra," a rock. "Petrol" comes directly enough through "petroleum," rock oil, but "petrol" through St. Peter, after whom the bird was named because it appeared to walk upon the waves.

The Wheelbarrow.

The farmer's son looked up from the sporting page.

"By heck," he said, "I wish we had one of them there horseless carriages."

"We have," returned the farmer, "and now that you mention it, you might just as well git it and fetch up a load of turnips from the three acre lot."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Courage.

"Henry is a brave man. The other night his wife thought she heard a burglar."

"And he went down?"

"No. He had the courage to tell her he was afraid."—Circle.

The Turning of the Worm.

Mollie—I wish you were more like Mr. Simpson. Coddle—My dear, if I were more like Mr. Simpson, I should have married a woman more like Mrs. Simpson.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

An Index.

Knicker—What is their social standing? Bocker—Do they call it a barn, stable or garage?—New York Sun.

Litigation is a process by which at best we win a cat and lose a cow.—Chinese Proverb.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

THE

AMADOR LEDGER

Published in the Center of the Richest

Mother Lode Gold Belt.

Printed every Friday Afternoon.

R. WEBB, Editor and Proprietor.

M. F. CALKINS, Business Manager

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Most Influential

Most Widely Circulated

And Only All-Home Print

Paper published in Amador County.

The Best Advertising Medium

Republican is politics

But the slave of no party

And the foe of all political and Official Cliques and Rings

Free and Independent in the discussion of all matters pertaining to

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Fearless in the ventilation and exposure of Official Wrong Doing

The Paper for the Family

For the Farmer

For the Miner

For the Merchant and Business Man

For the Taxpayers and Citizens Generally

Two Dollars per year

If paid strictly in advance; otherwise \$2.50 will be charged.

OUR CLUBBING RATES:

Ledger and Daily Call, one year.	\$ 9 00	Ledger and Weekly Chicago Inter-Ocean	2 50
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Our Job Printing Department

Is the most Complete to be found int the mountains.

Up-to-date presses, Simplex Typesetting Machine, Folder, Perforating Machine, Numbering and Punching Machines.

We buy our paper stock from Manufacturers at Bottom prices.

Billheads, Letter Heads, Statements.

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All kinds of Legal Blanks, Briefs and Transcripts printed promptly and neatly. In short, we can do anything in the printing line.

OUR PRICES are RIGHT

We Can an Do Compete with City Prices.

If you have anything in the printing line, don't send it away but patronize home industry.

LOCAL EDITORIAL NEWS.

CITY FINANCES BEFOGGED.

The Dispatch of last week published what purported to be a complete list of all taxpayers on the city assessment roll, with three columns of figures, the first claiming to show the total assessment of each property holder within the city limits, the second purporting to give the total county and city taxes levied upon the respective owners, and the third tries to show the extra amount paid by each taxpayer as the outcome of incorporation. The list is designed to show how little additional expense is entailed upon each because of the city government. The figures are woefully misleading. In the first place, the list of taxpayers is a long way from being complete, many important taxpayers in the personal property class being omitted. In the next place, the column headed county and city taxes, instead of giving the total amount collected for the support of county and city governments, shows only the amount exacted for city purposes, which of course makes a tremendous difference. The list, therefore, carries a wrong impression, and would do so even though the figures were absolutely correct. We have taken the trouble to add up the column of figures under the heading of "county and city taxes," which represents the city levy only, and find that it foots up less than \$3700. According to the city clerk's official statement published only two weeks ago, the amount of city taxes already collected up to the 1st of January last amounted to \$4,213.04, more than \$500 in excess of the sum total of city property taxes, according to our cotemporary, and with a whole month yet to elapse before the delinquency. There is a big list of taxpayers and also considerable coin unaccounted for.

SOCIALISTIC ADVICE.

Now it is up to the people at large to force and insist that the newspapers of Amador county come out of their 20 years' sleep on this matter of taxation and assist in sustaining assessor Jarvis and the present board of supervisors in their tremendous task of shifting some of Amador's huge tax list on to a few of its million dollar mining corporations. Some of these wealthy corporations even refused to show their books and do you suppose it was because the books might show that they were assessed too low? Well we think not. We believe that before Mr. Jarvis and our present supervisors get done with this taxation job that the rich mines of Amador will be paying into the county treasury sufficient amount of their yellow product to enable the supervisors to give us a few miles of road over which a man can start up a real mild trot.—Amador Record.

The Ledger can be counted out of the forcing business. The spirit of oppression of corporations is running wild all over the country. Its drift toward socialism and anarchy bodes no good for Amador county or any other section of the Union. The taste we have had of it under the false notion of trying to raise the assessment roll by lifting the burden of taxation from the many and placing it upon the few, has already done incalculable mischief. If this sort of forcing business is persisted in, Amador county will be forced off the map, and her solid citizens driven out of the county. The fact stares us in the face that several of our mines in the past two years have dropped out of the employing list altogether, and one or two more are on the point of suspending, and we can see no development work going on, affording hope that other mines will be ready in the near future to take their places. This is a significant commentary on the policy of oppression advocated in the above extract. There are only three mines in the county today on the dividend list; one of them, the Argonaut, for years the most prolific producer on the mother lode, has cut its dividend in half twice within a short period. The Bunker Hill has been in the dividend-paying list only a little over a year, after spending enormous sums in development work. How, under these conditions, any sane man can advocate placing additional burdens upon the mining industry is beyond comprehension. Example is better than precept, and if those who publish such stuff were able to show a measure of success in their own financial schemes their utterances would come with a modicum of backing.

The Ledger hopes there will be no repetition of the crusade against corporate interests this year on the part of the assessor. We want to see big enterprises treated liberally, with a view of inviting other capitalists to invest in the development of our resources. The listing of a lot of unproductive holes in the ground on the basis of the money that has been expended in making them, or even of the wealth they have surrendered in the dead past, is not going to help the farmer, the wage earner or the merchant. We have had an installment, and it hasn't panned worth a cent. Wouldn't it be well to try more reasonable methods.

While welcoming the advent of D. S. Mason to the newspaper field in Amador county, as proprietor of the Ione Echo, at the same time we cannot but regret and retirement of J. E. Barnes, the former editor. We did not believe in the wisdom of his policy in a small community like the valley town, but there can be no question that he conscientiously followed the path of duty according to the dictates of his own judgment. And after, that is the highest compliment that can be paid to a journalist in these days.

ITEMS WORTHY OF PERUSAL.

In proportion to its weight, a bird's wing is twenty times stronger than the average man's arm.

The population of the whole British Empire is estimated at about 420,000,000, of whom approximately 318,000,000 are native races.

The telephone directories of the current issue in New York City would make a pile seven and a quarter miles high, if placed one on the other.

In France the average yield of wine is 112 gallons to every acre of vineyard; in Spain, it rises to 130 gallons per acre; but Algeria holds the record with 300 gallons to the acre.

Berlin has a greater number of policemen, per capita, than any other city.

China is pressing reforms. An imperial edict orders the board of revenue to introduce within six months a uniform system of weights and measures throughout the empire.

New York with 4,000,000 population, had been adding to its total in the three years preceding 1905 at the rate of 100,000 a year. Philadelphia, with a little less than 1,500,000 population, had increased at the rate of 30,000 a year.

Instruction on the construction and operation of the turbine engine has been added to the course of the Stuyvesant High School, in New York City. A turbine engine has been installed and is shown in operation beside an engine of the reciprocating type. The turbine is doing duty in generalizing electricity, as well as serving for demonstration purposes.

The coal mines of the world employ 1,250,000 men.

Not more than 3000 stars are visible to the naked eye.

The grasshopper jumps about 200 times its own length.

Africa leads in the matter of gold production, America next.

On the average, boy babies weigh a pound more than girls.

A bridge connecting England and France would cost \$170,000,000.

The world's Sunday schools total at 262,000, with 26,000,000 attendants.

One dollar's worth of steam will do as much work as \$160 in hand work.

Statistics show that married women live two years longer than single ones.

Twenty thousand dog muzzles were recently shipped from England to Rhodesia.

Sharks were unknown in the Adriatic Sea, until after the Suez Canal was opened.

Half rates for women prevail in some old Swedish hotels because they eat less than men.

One hundred and fifty firemen are employed on some of the great American liners.

Germany's population is increasing more rapidly than that of Great Britain or France.

It is estimated that there are 51,000 breweries in the world and half of them are in Germany.

There has been a revival of the whaling industry. A few years ago the annual catch has dwindled down to 150.

Bananas are now ripened by electricity. A flood of artificial light is said to have the same effect as that of the sun.

Despite the great vineyards of America, Australia and Cape Colony, 95 per cent of the world's wines are made in Europe.

Teachers for Philippines.

The civil service commission announces that examinations will be held on March 11th in various parts of this state to secure eligibles from which to fill 300 vacancies in the position of teacher in the Philippine islands.

The entrance salaries for male teachers will be \$1,200, with the chance of promotion up to \$3,000 a year. A few women will probably be admitted, their salaries to start being \$900.

There is special need for the latter to teach the domestic science subjects. The age limits are from twenty to forty years. Quite a number of the teachers, and probably a majority of all clerical appointees will be selected from this register, so that the chance of appointment of those who qualify in subjects treating of agriculture, educational methods, and bookkeeping are excellent.

The work of the American teacher is mainly of two kinds; supervising school districts, and teaching in the intermediate or high schools or in one of the three technical schools. These schools are usually situated at the capitals of the provinces. The surroundings are sufficiently comfortable, and the work corresponds in most respects to that of a first class instructor in this country. Women teachers, almost without exception are assigned to these schools where they can have the advantages incident to a station in one of the larger towns, where there are other American teachers and a greater variety of and better stores.

The climate in the Philippines is continuously warm, but the heat is not intense, and the general health of American civilians who take reasonable care of themselves is good.

The Blue Laws.
The so called blue laws of Connecticut were the invention of one Samuel Peters, a Tory, who, driven from this country on account of his disloyalty during the Revolution, published in London in 1781 a book entitled "General History of Connecticut" in which the laws in question were set forth. The code of laws which this book contains has been proved to be fabrication. There were no such laws in Connecticut or in any other part of New England.—New York American.

Negroes' Teeth.
The whiteness and beauty of the teeth of the African negroes are generally ascribed to the food which they eat and to favorable climatic conditions, but these ignorant natives take special care of the teeth and are familiar with many remedies for the treatment of dental diseases. — *Munchener Medizinische Wochenschrift.*

Fair Play.
There is in most men that instinct which is one of the best heritages from boyhood—this instinct for fair play and for giving everybody "a chance." — *Manchester (England) Guardian.*

Notice of Delinquent Sale

of the Jose Gulch Mining Company, a corporation, organized under the laws of the state of California, having its office and principal place of business at Butte Basin, Amador county, California, and its works and property at the same place.

Notice.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the 6th day of January, 1908, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Name.	No.	Cert.	Shares	Am't.
F. E. Armstrong	199	3000	\$150.00	
F. E. Armstrong	200	1000	50.00	
F. E. Armstrong	267	33	1.65	
F. E. Armstrong	257	1067	53.35	
John Armstrong	198	500	25.00	
Mary Armstrong	232	200	10	
Fannie Armstrong	233	200	10	
Ruth Armstrong	236	200	10	
Jack Armstrong	234	200	10	
Ward Armstrong	235	200	10	
A. H. Broad	202	3000	180	
A. H. Broad	207	433	21.65	
A. H. Broad	230	200	10	
A. H. Broad	256	1067	53.35	
Mrs. J. M. Broad	240	200	10	
Ursula E. Broad	243	200	10	
Clay Crane	39	200	10	
Clay Crane	175	20	1.00	
F. M. Farwell	133	300	15.00	
F. M. Farwell	145	500	25	
F. M. Farwell	146	500	25	
F. M. Farwell	181	50	2.50	
F. M. Farwell	219	500	25	
F. M. Farwell	230	17	.85	
F. M. Farwell	268	2000	100	
G. W. Haines	9	1000	50	
G. W. Haines	10	1000	50	
G. W. Haines	11	500	25	
G. W. Haines	61	500	25	
G. W. Haines	75	1000	50	
G. W. Haines	77	500	25	
G. W. Haines	214	300	15	
Laura G. Haines	55	200	10	
D. J. Hoult	30	100	5	
D. J. Hoult	182	100	5	
S. M. Hickinbotham	131	200	10	
S. M. Hickinbotham	138	200	10	
J. P. Little	15	1000	50	
J. P. Little	122	100	5	
J. P. Little	190	100	5	
E. J. Meroux	33	200	10	
E. J. Meroux	173	20	1	
Mrs. Annie McPhee	265	60	3	
Richard Moore	245	500	25	
Peter C. Nelson	81	500	25	
Peter C. Nelson	191	50	2.50	
Peter C. Nelson	270	220	11	
Mabel H. Ross	93	200	10	
Mabel H. Ross	205	300	15	
C. M. Whitney	124	200	10	
C. M. Whitney	206	300	15	
H. L. Whitney	196	3400	170	
Clara Z. Farwell	246	200	10	

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors made on the 6th day of January, 1908, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the company at Butte Basin, Amador county, California, on the 2nd day of March, 1908, at the hour of ten o'clock of said day to pay delinquent assessment thereon together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. P. LITTLE,
Secretary of the Jose Gulch Mining Company. Office at Butte Basin, Amador county, Cal. Post Office, Jackson, Cal.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of O. Zanzucchi, deceased.
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the estate of O. Zanzucchi, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at the law office of Wm. J. McGee, Jackson, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said Amador county.

Dated, Feb. 11, 1908.
H. E. POTTER,
Administrator of the estate of O. Zanzucchi, deceased.
Wm. J. McGee, attorney for administrator.

FINE ASSORTMENT OF — TEA AND COFFEE —

CENTRAL GROCERY HOUSE

C. E. Olver & Wm. J. Nettle, jr., Proprietors.

FULL LINE OF —

Fresh Groceries, Fruits, Vegetables.
Fresh Fish every Thursday and Friday.

North Main Street — Jackson, Cal.

Election Proclamation

FOR A MUNICIPAL ELECTION

In and for the City of Jackson.

It is hereby ordered by the Board of Trustees that a municipal election be held in and for the city of Jackson on Monday the 13th day of April, 1908, for the purpose of electing:

1. A trustee for the full term.
2. A trustee for the full term.
3. A trustee for the full term.
4. A trustee for the half term.
5. A city clerk.
6. A city treasurer.
7. A city marshal.

For the purpose of holding said election the following polling places and the following named election officers are designated:

For precinct No. 1.
Polling place, city tax collector's office, Court street.
Inspectors, J. D. Palmer, R. I. Kerr, Judges, B. C. O'Neil, Thos. Lemin, Clerks, C. M. Kelly, C. H. Heiser. Ballot clerks, Geo. Poggi, F. Sanguinetti.

For precinct No. 2.
Polling place, Ginochio building, opposite Norman's Soda Works.
Inspectors, J. Meehan, Carlo Giovanoni.
Judges, J. Bastian, E. R. Gardner, Clerks, A. Paramino, Antone Riekert.

Ballot clerks, Louis Piccardo, Wm. Carley.
For precinct No. 3.
Polling place, old plaining mill east side of Broadway.
Inspectors, C. M. Meek, W. P. Peck.

Judges, J. D. Mason, Angelo Marcucci.
Clerks, A. Goldner, D. B. Spagnoli. Ballot clerks, G. A. Gordon, John Barton.

For the purpose of holding said election said city is subdivided into election precincts as set forth in ordinance No. 17.

Precinct No. 1 is described as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the Jackson and Sutter Creek road with the west boundary of the city, extending southeasterly along the center of said road to the north fork of Jackson creek; thence northerly along said north fork to a point at the intersection of said north fork with the center line of North street extended; thence easterly along said center line of North street to the center of Church street; thence northerly along the center line of Church street to the southwest corner of lot 14 in block 5; thence easterly along the south line of said lot to the northwest line of lot 3 in block 5; thence northerly along said northwest line of lot 3 in block 5 to the northwest corner thereof; thence southeasterly along the northeast line thereof to Court street, intersecting the Volcano road, thence southerly along the Volcano road to Water street; thence southerly along Water street to Pitt street; thence southerly along Pitt street to the center of the Middle Fork of Jackson creek; thence southeasterly down the course of said Middle Fork of Jackson creek to the city limits; thence following the boundaries of the city of Jackson northwest and north to the place of beginning.

Precinct No. 2 is described as follows: All the territory within the exterior boundaries of the city of Jackson, lying northerly of the Middle Fork of Jackson creek not included within the limits of election precinct No. 1.

Precinct No. 3 is described as follows: All the territory within the exterior boundaries of the city of Jackson lying south of said Middle fork of Jackson creek.

It is further ordered that such election be held in all respects in conformity with the general election laws of the state of California, so far as the same may be applicable.

That the polls be open from 6 o'clock in the morning of the day of election and must be kept open until 6 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, when the polls shall be closed.

That the inspectors of election file the returns of election with the city clerk immediately after the completion of the same.

It is hereby further ordered that notice of said election be given by posting a copy of this proclamation in each election precinct, as near the polling place therein as practicable, by the city clerk, at least ten days prior to the date of election, and that a copy of such proclamation be published in the Amador Ledger by two publications, at least ten days prior to said election.

Done and issued in pursuance of the statutes of the state of California, and the ordinances of the city of Jackson, at a regular meeting of the board of trustees of said city this 6th day of February, A. D., 1908.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the same to be attested by the city clerk with the seal of the said city attached.

V. S. GARBARINI,
President of the Board of Trustees of the city of Jackson.
(Seal)

Attest: L. J. GLAVINOVICH, City Clerk.

First publication Feb. 14, 1908.

Is It Your Own Hair?

Do you pin your hat to your own hair? Can't do it? Haven't enough hair? It must be you do not know Ayer's Hair Vigor! Here's an introduction! May the acquaintance result in a heavy growth of rich, thick, glossy hair! Use this splendid hair-food, stop your falling hair, and get rid of your dandruff.

The best kind of a testimonial — "Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SASSAPARILLA, PILLS, CHERRY PECTORAL.

AMADOR BAKERY

When You Want Fresh BREAD
A. DAL PORTO & CO. PROP'RS.

We also keep a large stock of Staple and Fancy
GROCERIES
Our Specialty—Fresh Bread every day except Sunday

J. H. LANGHORST

Main Street, Jackson

Dealer in—

AMERICAN WATCHES, CLOCKS JEWELRY

AND SILVERWARE

All goods warranted as represented

Repairing of watches, clocks and jewelry a specialty.

DAILY STAGE LINE

BETWEEN

JACKSON and EL DORADO

J. Steiner, Proprietor.

Leaves Jackson every morning at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 10:30 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 1 p. m.; arrives at El Dorado 5 p. m.

Leaves El Dorado 7:15 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 11 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 2 p. m.; arrives in Jackson at 5 p. m.

OFFICES—Jackson, National Hotel; Sutter Creek, American Exchange; Amador City, Amador Hotel; Drytown, Exchange; Plymouth, Forest House.

Prompt delivery of packages.

This line connects with passenger trains to and from Placerville.

THROUGH FARE — \$2.50

Fifty pounds of baggage free.

If You Want Good Health

DRINK NOTHING BUT

Ruhstaller's "Gilt Edge" Steam Beer

BEST BEER IN THE WORLD


Made from pure Hops and Malt

SACRAMENTO CALIFORNIA. my20

for workingmen

Levi Strauss & Co's

Overalls selected denim the two horse brand



Use Pioneer flour, and you will call for no other brand.

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Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pletcher*

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